2020



EDITION

# MINISTERS' TAXES MADE EASY

Federal income tax filing made easy.



by Dan Busby & Michael Martin

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This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information regarding the subject matter covered. The text has been significantly excerpted from the *Zondervan Minister's Tax & Financial Guide*, 2020 edition. It is distributed with the understanding that neither the publisher nor the authors are engaged in rendering legal, accounting, or other professional services. If legal advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought.

Every effort has been made to make the materials in this text current as of the date of publication. Federal tax law, however, is subject to change. Congress can modify the law as it has on numerous occasions over the years. Also, court decisions and IRS rulings can significantly affect the application of federal tax laws. Such changes may affect the accuracy of this publication.

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# New Bonus Videos for Ministers

# From authors: Dan Busby and Michael Martin



## Introduction

Video: "Welcome to the World of Minister's Taxes!"

## Taxes for Ministers:

Video: "Should I File My Taxes as a Minister?"

## Compensation Planning:

Video: "Minister's Compensation Worksheet – Step-by-Step"

# • The Pay Package:

Video: Creative AND Compliant Compensation Strategies for Ministers"

## Housing Exclusion:

Video: "How to Approve the Minister's Housing Allowance"

# • Business Expenses:

Video: "Why an Accountable Expense Reimbursement Plan Is Critical for Churches"

## Retirement and Social Security:

Video: "Social Security and Medicare Tax for Ministers – Avoiding the Common Confusion!"

# Paying Taxes:

Video: "3 Ways to Pay Your Taxes as a Minister"

# ECFA.Church/ChurchandNonprofit

# Recent Developments

Ministers continue to be faced with a plethora of tax and finance developments. A summary of some of the more significant developments follows (see the "In the News" link at ECFA. Church for current updates on these issues and much more):

**Major court victory for the ministers' housing allowance.** Thousands of pastors and churches across America scored a major victory in the latest court challenge to the ministers' housing exclusion.

The lawsuit was the latest attempt to overturn the housing allowance by the Freedom From Religion Foundation (FFRF), a nonprofit that describes itself as a "nonprofit, state/church watchdog and voice for freethought (atheism, agnosticism, skepticism)."

FFRF initiated this set-up case by designating housing allowances for its leaders that were denied by the IRS for not qualifying as "ministers" entitled to the benefit. In late 2017, a federal district court in Wisconsin agreed with FFRF's argument that the housing allowance is discriminatory and a violation of the First Amendment's Establishment Clause.

In its highly anticipated opinion on March 15, 2019, the U.S. Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals unanimously reversed a lower federal district court, which had ruled in late 2017 against the long-standing housing exclusion for ministers. Instead, the appeals court likened the ministers' housing exclusion to other similar benefits in the tax code for work-related housing, finding the provision permissible under the First Amendment and well-established legal precedent.

ECFA has actively defended the housing exclusion, including supporting an amicus (friend of the court) brief that was cited by the appeals court judges in their favorable decision in this case. This decision is a win not just for the ministers' housing exclusion but for the "more than 2,600 federal and state tax laws that provide religious exemptions" cited by the Seventh Circuit, some of which date back to early 1800s.

FFRF has conceded defeat in its latest legal challenge to the minister's housing allowance. This welcome news for pastors and churches comes from a June 14, 2019 press statement by FFRF announcing it would not pursue further appeals in the current case to the U.S. Supreme Court.

Changes to the Form 1040 for 2019 tax returns filed in 2020. After the 1040's major overhaul for 2018 tax returns to take into account tax reform, some taxpayers told the IRS that they found the redesigned forms confusing. In response, the IRS has attempted to improve the 1040 with a variety of tweaks.

One big change is a reduction of the number of schedules. Six new schedules that appeared in 2018 are whittled down to three for 2019. Some of the schedules are combined, while some information is returned to the base 1040 form.

There is a new line for capital gains on the 1040, and IRA distributions get their own line separate from pensions and annuities. An addition to Schedule 1 is a space to enter "date of divorce," which accommodates the change in tax treatment of alimony enacted by tax reform.

There is a new form for filers taking the new Qualified Business Income (QBI) deduction—the 20% write-off for self-employment income or owners of pass-through entities. Form 8995 is for the simple version of the QBI deduction that is available to taxpayers below certain income thresholds, while Form 8995-A is for taxpayers subject to the more complex QBI computation. Many ministers will qualify for the QBI based on their Schedule C net income from speaking, wedding and funeral fees, for example.

And, in an effort to modernize, the decimal places for cents have been removed from each line of the forms. The IRS says most people round, and the extra room allows for other information to be made larger or clearer. But if you want to stick to tradition and include cents on each line, the IRS will accept this.

Here are some of the notable changes from 2018 that are reflected on the 2019 forms:

- The filing status line at the top of Form 1040 asks for additional information for taxpayers whose filing status is married, filing separately (the name of the spouse) and head of household and qualifying widow(er) (name of child who isn't a dependent).
- The detailed listing of types of gross income, which had been on schedules last year, is now on page 1 of Form 1040. For example, the line for capital gains or losses, which was on the 2018 Schedule 1, is now on Form 1040, Line 6.
- The checkbox for health care coverage has been removed; health care coverage is not required in 2019 in order to avoid a tax penalty.
- Several of the most-used credits (e.g., the earned income credit and the additional child tax credit) have been moved from schedules to page 2 of Form 1040.
- Lines to identify any foreign address and to name a third party with which the IRS had permission to discuss the return, which had been on Schedule 6, have been moved to page 2 of the main form.
- 2018 Schedules 4, 5, and 6 are obsolete for 2019.
- Schedule 1: Additional Income and Adjustments to Income adds new lines upon which alimony
  recipients and payors must include the date of the original divorce or separation agreement. This
  is necessary because only alimony based on pre-2019 agreements is included in income/is
  deductible.
- Schedule 2: Additional Taxes includes several line items from 2018 Schedule 4.
- Schedule 3: Additional Credits and Payments combines nonrefundable credits and refundable credits from 2018 Schedules 3 and 5.

**Seniors get a new simplified tax form for 2019.** If you are 65 or older (or turned 65 any time in 2019), you have the option to use a new simple tax form for seniors, known as the 1040-SR, when you file your 2019 taxes in April 2020.

Form 1040-SR is designed to be "as similar as practicable" to Form 1040-EZ and will serve as a simplified tax form for seniors with uncomplicated finances. While Form 1040-EZ only allows you to report income from wages, salaries, and tips, Form 1040-SR will allow income from certain other sources, as well.

One helpful inclusion is a standard deduction chart that is printed on the form, so seniors do not have to hunt in the instructions to figure out the amount to include.

Filing the 1040-SR is not mandatory. Seniors can continue to use the Form 1040 if desired.

Key Feder	al Tax Limits, Re	ates, and Other	Data
	2018	2019	2020
Standard deductions, exemption	s, and exclusions:		
Standard Deductions	Married-Joint Return \$24,000 Head of Household 18,000 Single 12,000 Married-Separate Returns 12,000	Married-Joint Return \$24,400 Head of Household 18,350 Single 12,200 Married-Separate Returns 12,200	Married-Joint Return \$24,800 Head of Household 18,650 Single 12,400 Married-Separate Returns 12,400
Foreign earned income exclusion	\$104,100	\$105,900	\$105,900
Social security:	,	· ·	· ·
SECA (OASDI & Medicare) rate	15.3% on wages up to \$250,000 married-joint, \$125,000 married-separate and \$200,000 all others	15.3% on wages up to \$250,000 married-joint, \$125,000 married-separate and \$200,000 all others	15.3% on wages up to \$250,000 married-joint, \$125,000 married-separate and \$200,000 all others
OASDI maximum compensation base	\$128,400	\$132,900	\$137,700
Social security cost of living benefit increase	2%	2.8%	1.6%
Medicare Part B premiums - Basic	\$108.50	\$134.00	\$135.50
Earnings ceiling for social security (for employ- ment before FRA; special formula in FRA year)	Below FRA: \$17,040 Over FRA: None	Below FRA: \$17,640 Over FRA: None	Below FRA: \$18,240 Over FRA: None
Earnings limit in year FRA attained	\$45,360	\$46,920	\$18,600
Benefits and contributions:			
Maximum annual contribution to defined contribution plan	\$55,000	\$56,000	\$57,000
Maximum salary deduction for 401(k)/403(b)	\$18,500	\$19,000	\$19,500
401(k) & 403(b) over 50 "catch up" limit	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$6,500
Maximum income exclusion for nonqualified plans in 501(c)(3) organizations (IRC 457)	\$18,500	\$19,000	\$19,500
IRA contribution limit – age 49 and below	\$5,500	\$6,000	\$6,000
– age 50 and above	\$6,500	\$7,000	\$7,000
Highly compensated employee limit	\$120,000	\$125,000	\$130,000
Maximum annual contribution to health flexible spending arrangements	\$2,650	\$2,700	\$2,750
Per diem and mileage rates and	l other transportation:		
Standard per diem: Lowest rates in the continental USA	Lodging \$93 Meals & Incidentals \$51	Lodging \$94 Meals & Incidentals \$55	Lodging \$96 Meals & Incidentals \$55
Business auto mileage rate	54.5¢ per mile	58¢ per mile	57.5¢ per mile
Moving & medical auto mileage rate	18¢ per mile	20¢ per mile	17¢ per mile
Charitable auto mileage rate	14¢ per mile	14¢ per mile	14¢ per mile
Maximum value of reimbursement of business expenses (other than lodging) without receipt	\$75	\$75	\$75
Monthly limit on free parking	\$260	\$265	\$270
Transit passes/token – monthly tax-free limit	\$260	\$265	\$270

# Part 1: The Tax System for Ministers

Six special tax provisions are available only to individuals who qualify as "ministers" under federal tax rules and who perform services that qualify in the exercise of ministry under federal tax rules.

# **Special Tax Provisions for Ministers**

- 1. For income tax purposes, exclusion of the housing allowance and the fair rental value of a church-owned parsonage provided rent-free to ministers.
- 2. For social security tax purposes, treatment of ministers as self-employed as it relates to income from ministerial services.
- 3. Exemption of ministers from self-employment social security tax under *very limited* circumstances.
- 4. Exemption of ministers' compensation from mandatory income tax withholding.
- 5. Eligibility for a voluntary income tax withholding arrangement between the minister and the church.
- 6. Potential "double deduction" of mortgage interest and real estate taxes as itemized deductions *and* as excludable housing expenses for housing allowance purposes for ministers living in minister-provided housing.

When it comes to who should be considered a minister for tax purposes, the opinion of the IRS (based on tax law) is the only one that counts. The opinion of the worker or employer is not important.

Classification as a minister for tax purposes is very important. It determines how a minister prepares the tax return for income and social security tax purposes. For example, a qualified minister is eligible for the housing allowance. This alone can exclude thousands of dollars from income taxation. Also, ministers calculate self-employment social security tax on Schedule SE and include it with other taxes on Form 1040. Conversely, nonministers have one-half of their social security (FICA) tax withheld from salary payments, and the employer pays the other half.

According to tax law, there is a two-step process for determining whether the special tax provisions available to ministers apply to a particular worker. The first is whether the individual qualifies as a minister. The second is whether the minister is performing ministerial services.



#### Remember

The major tax benefit for most ministers is the special housing allowance treatment.



## Remember

There is some flexibility in applying certain ministerial tax provisions. For example, ministers are exempt from mandatory income tax withholding but can enter into a voluntary income tax withholding arrangement. However, if ministers qualify for the housing allowance, self-employment social security tax (using Schedule SE) applies, not FICA—this is not optional.

## Caution

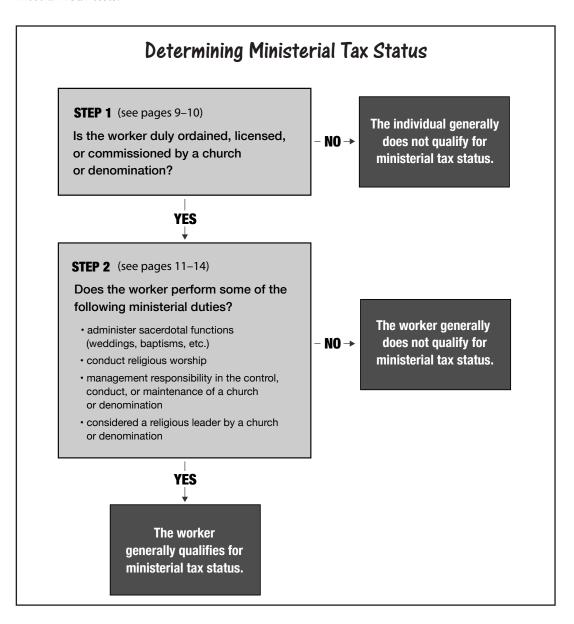
Determination of ministerial status is far from a precise matter. Only a review of all the pertinent facts and circumstances for a particular minister will assist in determining whether an individual will qualify for ministerial tax status.

# Ministers Serving Local Churches

If you are employed by a church and are ordained, commissioned, or licensed and meet the following four tests, the IRS will generally consider you a minister. You

- administer the sacraments,
- ☐ are considered a religious leader by your church,
- a conduct worship services as part of your regular ministerial duties, and
- have management responsibility in the control, conduct, or maintenance of your church.

The IRS and the courts generally use a balanced approach in applying the above four tests, but not necessarily all, must be met in determining ministerial status. This flexible approach is beneficial to many ministers because some positions relating to music, education, youth, or administration will not meet all four tests.



There is no requirement that you must be qualified to perform and actually perform *every* sacrament. If you are qualified to perform certain sacraments and actually perform or could perform some of the sacraments on occasion, you will generally meet this test. A similar test applies to conducting religious worship and providing management services. If you currently conduct religious worship and provide management services, have done it in the past, or could do it in the future, the test will generally be met.

Job titles have little significance for tax purposes. A licensed, commissioned, or ordained minister may have a job title that implies a ministry function. However, the actual responsibilities of the position will determine if the four-factor test above is met. Individuals performing services of a routine nature, such as those performed by secretaries, clerks, and janitors, generally do not qualify as a minister for tax purposes.

# Ministers in Denominational, Administrative, and Teaching Positions

Ordained, commissioned, or licensed ministers not serving local churches may qualify as "ministers" for federal tax purposes in the following situations:

## Denominational service

Denominational service encompasses the administration of religious denominations and their integral agencies, including teaching or administration in religious schools, colleges, or universities that are under the authority of a denomination.

## Assignment by a church to another parachurch ministry

Services performed by a minister for a parachurch organization based upon a *substantive* assignment or designation by a church or denomination may provide the basis for ministerial tax treatment. If a housing allowance is provided, it should be designated by the employing organization, not the assigning church or denomination.

The following characteristics must be present for an effective assignment:

- A sufficient relationship must exist between the minister and the assigning church or denomination to justify the assignment of the minister.
- An adequate relationship must exist between the assigning church or denomination and the parachurch organization to which the minister is assigned to justify the assignment.

In addressing the relationship between the church or denomination and the parachurch organization, the question that must be answered is why the church or denomination should assign a minister to this particular organization. Essentially, the assignment of the minister must accomplish the ministry purposes of the church or denomination.

When a church or denomination considers an assignment, it is important to distinguish between the process of assigning and the documentation of the assignment. The process of assigning expresses the church's or denomination's theology, philosophy, and policy of operation—its way of doing ministry. The documentation of the assignment provides evidence that the church or denomination is providing ministry through the particular individual assigned.

## Other service

If a minister is not engaged in service performed in the exercise of the ministry of a local church or an integral agency of a church, or if a minister is not serving under a substantive assignment from a

church or denomination, then the definition of a qualifying minister becomes much narrower. Tax law and regulations provide little guidance for ministers in this category.

Tax Court cases and IRS rulings suggest that an individual will qualify for the special tax treatment of a minister only if the individual's services for the church *substantially involve conducting religious worship or performing sacerdotal functions.* This definition might include preaching, conducting Bible studies, spiritual and pastoral counseling, conducting crusades, producing religious television and radio broadcasts, and publishing religious literature.

How much time constitutes substantial involvement in conducting worship or administering the sacraments? This is difficult to say. However, in two IRS letter rulings, the IRS determined that 5% of the minister's working hours were not sufficient to qualify for tax treatment as a minister.

Based on IRS rulings, it is clear that ministers serving as chaplains in government-owned-and-operated hospitals or in state prisons fall in a special category. They are employees for social security (FICA) purposes and qualify for the housing allowance exclusion. If they have opted out of social security by filing Form 4361, the exemption does not apply to this employment.

# • Social Security Status of Ministers

Ministers engaged in the exercise of ministry are always treated as self-employed for social security tax purposes. Ministers pay social security under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA) instead of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA). It is possible to become exempt from SECA only if a minister meets strict exemption requirements. The request for exemption must be filed using Form 4361 within a specified time from the beginning of ministry. The request for exemption must be approved by the IRS (see page 34).

A minister's earnings that are not from the exercise of ministry are generally subject to social security tax under FICA or for nonministerial employment or SECA for ministerial independent contractor earnings.



#### **Caution**

Social security is one of the most confusing issues for many ministers. FICA-type social security *never* applies to an individual who qualifies as a minister for tax purposes. Stated another way, if a housing allowance has been designated for a minister, FICA tax should not be deducted from pay—the minister is responsible to determine the social security tax by completing Schedule SE each year.

## Income Tax Status of Ministers

Are ministers employees or self-employed (independent contractors) for income tax purposes? The IRS considers virtually all ministers to be employees for income tax purposes. The income tax filing status has many ramifications for what and how churches and ministers report to the IRS.

The IRS often applies a common-law test to decide whether ministers are employees or self-employed for income tax purposes. (While the IRS and the courts have applied other tests to determine the status of workers, the othr tests generally reach the same conclusion as when the common law test is applied.) Ministers are generally considered employees for income tax purposes if they meet the criteria reflected under three categories (behavioral control, financial control, and the relationship of the parties) as outlined in IRS Publication 15-A.

# Caution

The IRS considers virtually all ministers as employees for income tax purposes. Employee income tax status actually is very beneficial to most ministers. Many fringe benefits are tax-free only to employees.

Determining if you are an employee or self-employed for income tax purposes will determine several other tax-related issues:

- ☐ Minister-employees must be given Form W-2 and report their compensation on page 1 of Form 1040. Expenses reimbursed under a nonaccountable plan must be included in compensation on Form W-2.
- □ Accident, long-term care insurance, and qualified group health insurance premiums paid directly by a church are not reportable as income to the minister-employee but must be reported as taxable income to the self-employed minister.

Minister-employees may deduct health, accident, and long-term care insurance premiums paid personally, and not reimbursed by the church, on Schedule A as a medical and dental expense, subject to a limitation of adjusted gross income (10% for 2019 and beyond).

The impact of a minister being considered self-employed for income tax purposes is generally very significant even if only health insurance is considered. Reporting these premiums paid by the church as tax-free (minister-employee) versus taxable (self-employed minister for income purposes) can impact the minister's tax bill by thousands of dollars. If health insurance premiums are included in taxable income, a low-income minister might also have his or her earned income tax credit reduced or eliminated.

- ☐ Health savings accounts, health reimbursement arrangements, or flexible spending accounts are only available to ministers who are employees for income tax purposes.
- ☐ Group-term life insurance of \$50,000 or less provided by a church is tax-free to minister-employees but represents taxable income for self-employed ministers.
- A voluntary arrangement to withhold income tax may be used by minister-employees but may not be used by the self-employed.

# Recommended Filing Status

Nearly every minister serving a local church qualifies as an employee for income tax purposes and should receive Form W-2. Few ministers can substantiate filing as self-employed for income tax purposes. Even though ministers may take exception to the reporting of the church, the church has a responsibility under the law to determine the proper filing method and to proceed accordingly.



## **Key Issue**

The defining court case on the topic of income tax status for ministers was a 1994 case in which a Methodist minister claimed he was self-employed for income tax purposes. The Tax Court held that he was an employee for income tax purposes. A federal appeals court upheld the decision.



#### Caution

With rare exceptions, ministers should receive Form W-2 from their church or other employer. Few ministers qualify as independent contractors for income tax purposes (even though considered self-employed for social security tax purposes). A church generally has sufficient control over the minister to qualify for W-2 treatment.



## **Key Issue**

It is vital for churches to treat ministers as employees (Form W-2) for income tax purposes in nearly every instance. If ministers are not considered employees for income tax purposes, it jeopardizes the tax-free treatment of fringe benefits like health, accident, and long-term care insurance premiums, group-term life premiums, and certain other fringe benefits.

# Part 2: The Housing Exclusion

Nearly all ministers should have a portion of salary designated as a housing allowance in order to potentially exclude at least a portion of the designation for income tax purposes. Maximizing housing benefits requires careful planning. For ministers living in church-owned housing, a housing allowance that covers expenses such as furnishings, personal property insurance on contents, utilities, and so on could save several hundred dollars of income taxes annually. A properly designated housing allowance may be worth thousands of dollars in tax savings for ministers living in their own homes or rented quarters. For ministers without a housing allowance, every dollar of compensation is taxable for federal income tax purposes.

The designated housing allowance should be subtracted from compensation before the church completes the data on Form W-2. The housing allowance designation is not entered on Form 1040 or related schedules, except Schedule SE, since it is not a deduction for income tax purposes. However, any unused portion of the housing designation must be reported as income on page 2, Form 1040.

If the church properly designates a portion of a minister's cash salary for expenses of a *home they provide*, it is commonly referred to as a "housing allowance." If the church properly designates a portion of the minister's cash salary for expenses incurred in relation to *church-provided housing*, it is often called a "parsonage allowance." In either instance, it is an opportunity for a minister to exclude dollars from gross income for income tax purposes, not for social security purposes.

Ministers are eligible to exclude the fair rental value of church-provided housing for income tax purposes without any official action by the church. However, a cash housing allowance related to church-provided or minister-provided housing is only excludable under the following guidelines:

- The allowance must be *officially* designated by the church. The designation should be stated in writing, preferably by resolution of the top governing body, in an employment contract, or—at a minimum—in the church budget and payroll records. If the only reference to the housing allowance is in the church budget, the budget should be formally approved by the top governing body of the church.
  - Tax law does not specifically say an oral designation of the housing allowance is unacceptable. In certain instances, the IRS has accepted an oral housing designation. Still, the lack of a written designation significantly weakens the defense for the housing exclusion upon audit.
- The housing allowance must be designated *prospectively* by the church. Cash housing payments made prior to a designation of the housing allowance are fully taxable for income (and social security) tax purposes. Carefully word the resolution so that it will remain in effect until a subsequent resolution is adopted (see the examples on page 16).
- ➤ Only actual housing expenses paid *during* the calendar year can be excluded from income. The source of the funds used to pay the minister's housing expenses must be compensation earned by the minister in the exercise of ministry in the current year.
- ➤ Only an *annual* comparison by ministers of housing expenses to the housing allowance is required. For example, if the housing allowance designation is stated in terms of a weekly or monthly amount, only a comparison of actual housing expenses to the annualized housing allowance is required.
- ➤ The housing allowance exclusion cannot exceed the fair rental value of the housing, plus utilities.

# Types of Housing Arrangements

## Ministers Living in a Parsonage Owned by or Rented by a Church

prospectively and officially designated. If the actual expenses exceed the housing

If a minister lives in a church-owned parsonage or housing rented by the church, the fair rental value of the housing is not reported for income tax purposes. The fair rental value is only subject to self-employment tax.

A minister may request a housing allowance to cover expenses incurred in maintaining church-owned or church-rented housing. A cash housing allowance that is not more than reasonable pay for services is excludable for income tax purposes, subject to the lowest of (1) actual housing expenses paid from current ministerial income, or (2) the amount

allowance designated by the church, the excess amount cannot be excluded from income. The expenses shown on the worksheet on page 17 may qualify as part of the housing exclusion for a minister living in housing owned or rented by the church.

It is appropriate for minister's out-of-pocket expenses for the maintenance of a church-owned parsonage to be reimbursed by the church. These reimbursements are not excludable as part of a housing allowance. If such expenses are not reimbursed, they may be excluded from income under a housing allowance.

# ...

The designation of a housing allowance for ministers living in church-provided housing is often overlooked. While the largest housing allowance benefits go to ministers with mortgage payments on their own homes, a housing allowance of a few thousand dollars is often beneficial to ministers in a church-provided home.

## Ministers Owning or Renting Their Own Home

If a minister owns or rents a home, the minister may exclude, for income tax purposes, a cash housing allowance that is not more than reasonable pay for services and is the *lowest* of (1) the amount used to provide a home from current church income, (2) the amount prospectively and officially designated, or (3) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities.

Many ministers make the mistake of automatically excluding from income, for income tax purposes, the total designated housing allowance, even though the fair rental value of the furnished home or actual housing expenses are less than the designation. This practice may cause a significant underpayment of income taxes.

**Example:** A minister lives in a personally owned home. The church prospectively designated \$28,000 of the salary as a housing allowance. The minister spends \$27,000 for housing-related items. The fair rental value of the home is \$29,000, including furnishings and utilities.

Since the amount spent is lower than the designated housing allowance or the fair rental value, the excludable housing is \$27,000. Therefore, \$1,000 (\$28,000 less \$27,000) must be added to taxable income on Form 1040, page 1, Line 1. Unless the minister has opted out of social security, the entire \$28,000 is reportable for social security purposes on Schedule SE.

# • Designating the Housing Allowance

The following steps are often followed in designating and excluding the housing allowance:

- 1. A minister estimates the housing-related expenses to be spent in the coming year and presents this information to the church.
- 2. The church then adopts a written housing allowance designation based on the estimate.

3. The minister who provides his or her own housing should compare reasonable compensation, the amount designated for housing, actual housing expenses, and the fair rental value. The *lowest* of these amounts is excluded for income tax purposes.

Ministers living in church-provided housing must compare reasonable compensation, the amount designated, and actual housing expenses, and exclude the lowest of these amounts.

## **Designation Limits**

The IRS does not place a limit on how much of ministerial compensation may be designated as a housing allowance by the church. But practical and reasonable limits usually apply.

Unless the amount is justified based on anticipated expenses and is within the fair rental value limit, it is generally inadvisable for the church to exclude 100% of compensation.

It is often best for the church to overdesignate your parsonage allowance by a reasonable amount, subject to the fair rental value test, to allow for unexpected expenses and increases in utility costs. Any excess housing allowance designated should be shown as income on Form 1040, page 1, Line 1 with the notation "Excess housing allowance."

# Reporting the Housing Allowance to Ministers

The designated housing allowance may be reflected for ministeremployees on Form W-2 in Box 14 with the notation, "Housing

Allowance." Though not required, this reporting method is reflected in IRS Publication 517. Or, a church can report the designated housing allowance to a minister by providing a written statement separate from Form W-2. The statement should not be attached to your income tax returns.

A church might erroneously include the housing allowance on Form W-2, Box 1. If this happens, the church should prepare a corrected Form W-2.

# Accounting for the Housing Allowance

## **Determining Fair Rental Value**

The determination of the fair rental value of church-provided housing for self-employment social security purposes is solely the responsibility of the minister. The church is not responsible to set the fair rental value. The fair rental value should be based on comparable rental values of other similar residences in the immediate neighborhood or community, comparably furnished, plus utilities.

One of the best methods to use in establishing fair rental value of your housing is to request a local realtor to estimate the value in writing. Place the estimate in your tax file and annually adjust the value for inflation and other local real estate valuation factors.

## Housing Allowance in Excess of Actual Expenses or Fair Rental Value

Some ministers erroneously believe that they may exclude every dollar of the housing *designation* adopted by the church without limitation. The housing designation is merely the starting point in calculating the housing exclusion. If reasonable compensation, actual expenses, or the fair rental value is lower, the *lowest* amount is eligible for exclusion from income.

**Example:** A minister living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation from the church of \$80,000. The church prospectively designates \$25,000 as a

## Remember

The housing allowance designation may be prospectively amended at any time during the year, regardless of whether the church uses a calendar or fiscal year. Changing the designation to cover expenses that have already been paid (almost all ministers use the cash basis for tax purposes) is *not* acceptable.

housing allowance. The fair rental value is \$26,000. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$24,000. The amount excludable from income is limited to the actual housing expenses of \$24,000.

## Actual Expenses in Excess of the Designated Housing Allowance or Fair Rental Value

Actual housing expenses that exceed the designated housing allowance are not excludable from income. There are no provisions to carry over "unused" housing expenses to the next year.

**Example:** A minister living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation of \$60,000 from the church. The church prospectively designates \$30,000 of the \$60,000 as a housing allowance. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$50,000. The fair rental value is \$28,000. The expenses were unusually high because of a down payment on that house. The amount excludable from income is limited to the fair rental value of \$28,000. There is no carryover of the \$22,000 (\$50,000 less \$28,000) of actual expenses in excess of the designated housing allowance to the next tax year.

# Housing Allowances for Retired Ministers

Pension payments, retirement allowances, or disability payments paid to retired ministers from an established plan are generally taxable as pension income. However, denominations generally designate a housing allowance for retired ministers to compensate them for past services to local churches of the denomination or in denominational administrative positions. The housing allowance designated relates only to payments from the denominationally sponsored retirement program.

Withdrawals from a denominationally sponsored 403(b), also called a tax-sheltered annuity (TSA), or 401(k) plan qualify for designation as a housing allowance. Withdrawals from a 403(b) or 401(k) plan not sponsored by a denomination or a local church are not elicible for designation as a housing allowance. Period ministers may

eligible for designation as a housing allowance. Retired ministers may also exclude the rental value of a home furnished by a church or a rental allowance paid by a church as compensation for past services.

Can a local church (as contrasted with a denomination) or a nondenominational local church designate a housing allowance for a retired minister for the church's contributions to a minister's 403(b) plan? While IRS rulings in this area are not specific, a church has a reasonable and supportable position to make the designation.

If a denomination reports the gross amount of pension or TSA payments on Form 1099-R and designates the housing allowance, the minister may offset the housing expenses and reflect the net amount of

minister may offset the housing expenses and reflect the net amount on Form 1040, page 1, Line 4c. A supplementary schedule such as the following example should be attached to the tax return:

Pensions and annuity income (Form 1040, Line 4a) \$ 10,000 Less housing exclusion \$ 8,000 Form 1040, Line 4b \$ 2,000

For a retired minister, the amount excluded for income tax purposes is limited to the lowest of (1) the amount used to provide a home, (2) the properly designated housing allowance, or (3) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities. A surviving spouse cannot exclude a housing allowance from income.

## Remember

Payments to ministers from denominational retirement plans are generally designated as a housing allowance. While a local church may designate a housing allowance for a retired minister, it is unclear if the IRS will honor the designation on the minister's tax return.

# **Housing Allowance Resolutions**

## Parsonage owned by or rented by a church

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits ministers to exclude from gross income "the rental value of a home furnished as part of compensation" or a church-designated allowance paid as a part of compensation to the extent that actual expenses are paid from the allowance to maintain a parsonage owned or rented by the church;

Whereas, the church compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry; and

Whereas, the church provides (insert name) with rent-free use of a parsonage owned by (rented by) the church as a portion of the compensation for services rendered to the church in the exercise of ministry;

**Resolved,** That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

**Resolved,** That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

## Home owned or rented by ministers

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits a minister to exclude from gross income a church-designated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used for actual expenses in owning or renting a home; and

Whereas, the church compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry;

**Resolved,** That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

**Resolved,** That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

## Special Speaker

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits ministers to exclude from gross income a church-designated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used in owning or renting a permanent home; and

Whereas, the church compensated (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry as an evangelist;

**Resolved,** That the honorarium paid to (insert name) shall be \$1,512, consisting of \$312 for travel expenses (with documentation provided to the church), \$500 for housing allowance, and a \$700 honorarium.

# Housing Allowance Worksheet

# Ministers Living in Housing Owned or Rented by the Church

Name:				
For the period, 20 to		, 20		
Date designation approved, 20				
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid by minister from current	nt inc	rome)		
		Estimated Expenses	<u>Actual</u>	
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	\$		\$	
Decoration and redecoration				
Structural maintenance and repair				
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control				
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)				
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents				
Personal property taxes on contents				
Umbrella liability insurance				
Subtotal	_			
10% allowance for unexpected expenses				
TOTAL	\$		\$	(A)
Properly designated housing allowance			\$	(B)
The amount excludable from income for federal income tax purpo compensation).	oses is	the <i>lower</i> of A o	r B (or reasonable	

# Housing Allowance Worksheet

# Minister Living in Home Minister Owns or Is Buying

Name:				
For the period		, 20		
Date designation approved				
Allowable Housing Expenses	(expenses paid by minister from	m current income) Estimate Expense		tual
Down payment on purchase of	f housing	\$	\$	<del></del> -
Housing loan principal and int	terest payments (1)			
Real estate commission, escrow	fees			
Real property taxes				
Personal property taxes on con	tents			
Homeowner's insurance				
Personal property insurance on	contents			
Umbrella liability insurance				
Structural maintenance and rep	pair			
Landscaping, gardening, and p	est control			
Furnishings (purchase, repair, re	eplacement)			<del></del>
Decoration and redecoration				
Utilities (gas, electricity, water)	and trash collection			
Homeowner's association dues	/condominium fees			
Subtotal				
10% allowance for unexpected	expenses			
TOTAL		\$	\$	(A)
Properly designated housing	g allowance		\$	(B)
Fair rental value of home, in	ncluding furnishings, plus	utilities	\$	(C)
(1) Loan payments on home equivere used for housing expen		ges are includible only to	the extent the	loan proce
The amount excludable for	rom income for federal incor	me tax purposes is the lor	ewest of A, B, o	r C

# Housing Allowance Worksheet

# Minister Living in Home Minister Is Renting

For the period, 20 to	, 20	
Date designation approved, 20	_	
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid by minister from cu	errent income) Estima Expens	ctual
Housing rental payments	\$	\$ 
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents		 
Personal property taxes on contents		 
Umbrella liability insurance		 
Structural maintenance and repair		 
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control		 
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)		 
Decoration and redecoration		 
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection		 
Other rental expenses		 
Subtotal		
10% allowance for unexpected expenses		
TOTAL	\$	\$ (A)
Properly designated housing allowance		\$ (B)

# Part 3: Compensation and Fringe Benefits

Ask most ministers how much they are paid, and the response will often be "My check from the church is \$1,000 a week." But that tells us very little. Not only is your salary subject to tax, but so are many fringe benefits that you may receive.

What are fringe benefits? A fringe benefit is any cash, property, or service that ministers receive from the church in addition to salary. The term "fringe benefits" is really a misnomer because ministers have come to depend on them as a part of the total compensation package. All fringe benefits are taxable income to ministers unless specifically exempted by the Internal Revenue Code.

Many fringe benefits can be provided by a church to a minister without any dollar limitation (group health insurance is an example), while other fringe benefits are subject to annual limits (dependent care is an example). A brief discussion of some of the key fringe benefits follows.

# Tax Treatment of Compensation Elements

- ➤ Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting. If the church reimburses the minister under an accountable plan for employment-related professional or business expenses (for example, auto, other travel, subscriptions, and entertainment), the reimbursement is not taxable compensation and is not reported to the IRS by the church or the minister. Per diem reimbursements up to IRS-approved limits also qualify as excludable reimbursements.
- ➤ Business and professional expense payments *without* adequate accounting. Many churches pay periodic allowances or reimbursements to ministers for business expenses with no requirement to account adequately for the expenses. These payments do not meet the requirements of an accountable expense reimbursement plan.
  - Allowances or reimbursements under a *nonaccountable* plan must be included in a minister's taxable income on Form W-2, and there is no income tax deduction for unreimbursed business expenses related to W-2 income.
- ➤ Cell phones. Cell phones and similar devices provided to employees are excludable from an employee's income as a fringe benefit and are not subject to stringent recordkeeping requirements in certain situations. The cell phones must be provided for "substantial reasons relating to the employer's business, other than providing compensation to the employee." Cell phones provided for employee morale or goodwill, or to recruit prospective employees, are not provided for "noncompensatory business purposes."
  - If the church does not have a substantial noncompensatory business reason for providing a cell phone to an employee, or reimbursing the employee for business use of his or her personal cell phone, the value of the use of the phone or the amount of the reimbursement is includible in gross income, reportable on Forms 941 and W-2, and for lay employees is subject to employment tax withholding.
- ➤ Club dues and memberships. Dues for professional organizations (such as ministerial associations) or public service organizations (such as Kiwanis, Rotary, and Lions Clubs) are generally reimbursable.
  - Other club dues are generally not reimbursable (including any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purposes). If the church pays the health, fitness, or athletic facility dues for a minister, the amounts paid are generally fully includible in the minister's income as additional compensation.

Idea

disability insurance than life insurance

before age 65. When a church provides the maximum disability insurance as a

awkwardness of a minister's transition

relating to disability while serving the

Statistics suggest that ministers are

seven times more likely to need

tax-free benefit, it can reduce the

church.

- ➤ Computers and laptops. The treatment of church-provided computers, laptops, and other peripheral equipment follow the same rules as for cell phones (see page 20). As long as the church has provided the computer equipment for non-compensatory business reasons, it is treated as a tax-free fringe benefit.
- Disability insurance. If the church pays the disability insurance premiums (and the minister is named as the beneficiary) as a part of the compensation package, the premiums are excluded from income. However, any disability policy proceeds must be included in gross income. This is based on who paid the premiums for the policy covering the year when the disability started. If the premiums are shared between the church and a minister, then the benefits are taxable in the same proportion as the payment of the premiums.

Conversely, if you pay the disability insurance premiums or have the church withhold the premiums from your salary, you receive no current deduction and any disability benefits paid under the policy are not taxable to you.

A third option is for the church to pay the disability premiums.

But instead of treating the premiums as tax-free, the church treats the premiums as additional ministerial compensation. Benefits you receive under this option are tax-free.

➤ Educational reimbursement plans. If your church requires you to take educational courses or if you take job-related courses, and your church either pays the expenses directly to the educational organization or reimburses you for the expenses after you make a full accounting, you may not have to include in income the amount paid by your church.

While there are no specific dollar limits on educational expenses paid under a nonqualified reimbursement plan, the general ordinary and necessary business expense rules do apply. These types of payments may be discriminatory.

Though the education may lead to a degree, expenses may be deductible or reimbursable if the education:

is required by your	church to	keep you	r salary,	status, o	r job (	and serv	es a busi	ness p	urpose
of your church), or									

☐ maintains or improves skills required in your present employment.

Even though the above requirements are met, expenses do not qualify if the education is:

- $\square$  required to meet the minimum educational requirements of your present work, or
- $\square$  part of a program of study that will qualify you for a new occupation.
- ➤ Embezzled funds. If a minister embezzles funds from a church, the amount embezzled is reportable as taxable income on the minister's tax return. If the embezzlement occurred during prior years, amended tax returns should be filed by the minister for each year when the embezzlement occurred. Even if embezzled funds are refunded to the church, the act of embezzlement is complete and the full amount embezzled is taxable income.

The precise amount embezzled usually cannot be determined. However, if the church knows the exact amount misappropriated, the amount should be reported as compensation. When the

exact amount embezzled is indeterminable, the church should consider filing Form 3949-A, Information Referral. The form may be used to report suspected illegal activity, including embezzlement.

- ➤ Entertainment expenses. Entertainment expenses that represent an ordinary and necessary business expense generally qualify for reimbursement under an accountable business expense reimbursement plan.
- ➤ Flexible spending account (FSA). "Cafeteria" (called cafeteria plans because a person can choose among several benefit options) or FSAs are plans used to reimburse the employee for certain personal expenses. They are provided by churches to pre-fund dependent care, medical, or dental expenses (often called a healthcare flexible spending account) in pre-tax dollars.

A cafeteria or flexible spending plan cannot discriminate in favor of highly compensated participants for contributions, benefits, or eligibility to participate in the plan. While only larger churches generally offer cafeteria plans because of the complexity and cost, many churches could feasibly offer an FSA.

The money is the account holder's to use during the plan year. Ultimately the employer owns the account and any unused balance at the end of the plan year or any administrative grace period is forfeited to the employer.

An administrative grace period may be adopted before the beginning of an FSA plan year as a way to provide relief without running afoul of the prohibition on deferred compensation. Under this provision, employees are permitted a grace period of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months immediately following the end of the plan year. Expenses for qualified benefits incurred during the grace period may be paid or reimbursed from benefits or contributions remaining unused at the end of the plan year. There is also the option of rolling over any unused FSA dollars into the next plan year, but this option is subject to a \$500 limit.

- ➤ **Health insurance.** If the church pays a minister-employee's qualified group health insurance premiums directly to the insurance carrier, the premiums are tax-free to the minister. However, if similar payments are made for a minister whom the church considers to be self-employed for income tax purposes, the payments represent additional taxable income.
- ➤ Health savings account (HSA). HSAs are individual, portable, tax-free, interest-bearing accounts (typically held by a bank or insurance company) through which individuals with a high-deductible health plan (HDHP) save for medical expenses.

The purpose of an HSA is to pay what basic coverage would ordinarily pay.

Consult with your ministry's professional tax advisors before reimbursing medical expenses for employees. Under changes brought by the Affordable Care Act, non-compliant reimbursements may result in penalties of \$100 per employee per day.

Warning

Within limits, HSA contributions made by employers are excludable from income tax and social security wages and do not affect the computation of the earned income credit. Earnings on amounts in an HSA are not currently taxable, and HSA distributions used to pay for medical expenses are not taxable.

An HSA is often compared with an FSA. While both accounts can be used for medical expenses, some key differences exist between them. For example, unused funds in the FSA during a given tax year are forfeited once the year ends. Also, while the elected contribution amount for the year can be changed by an employee with an HSA anytime during the year, the elected contribution amount for an FSA is fixed and can only be changed at the beginning of the following tax year.

Only employees who are enrolled in qualifying HDHPs may participate in an HSA. A state high-risk health insurance plan (high-risk pool) qualifies as an HDHP if it does not pay benefits below the minimum annual deductible under the HSA rules.

HSA withdrawals do not qualify to cover over-the-counter medications (other than insulin or doctor-prescribed medicine). Additionally, there is an excise tax for nonqualified HSA withdrawals (withdrawals not used for qualified medical expenses) of 20%.

- ➤ Life insurance/group-term. If the group life coverage provided under a nondiscriminatory plan does not exceed \$50,000 for ministers, the life insurance premiums are generally tax-free to minister-employees. Group-term life insurance coverage of more than \$50,000 provided to a minister by the church is taxable under somewhat favorable IRS tables.
- ➤ Meals. If meals are furnished to the minister by the church on the church premises for the church's convenience (e.g., having a minister on call or if there are few, if any, restaurants nearby) and as a condition of employment, a minister does not include their value in income if the benefits are nondiscriminatory. The "convenience" test is met if the meals furnished on church premises are provided to at least half of the employees. *Note*: The benefits are taxable to a minister in computing self-employment for social security tax.

If meals provided by the church are a means of giving the minister more pay and there is no other business reason for providing them, their value is extra taxable income.

The value of church-provided snacks for staff is excluded from employee compensation as a de minimus fringe benefit.

## ➤ Retirement plans

☐ 457 deferred compensation plans (also known as Rabbi Trusts or Top Hat plans). Churches may make cash contributions to 457 deferred compensation plans to fund their future obligation to pay deferred compensation benefits. The funds contributed are tax deferred in a similar manner to other tax deferred vehicles such as a 403(b) plan.

In some instances, depending on a participant's includible income (generally, includible income is a participant's salary without including parsonage), churches can make contributions that exceed the IRS maximum annual contribution limits for a 403(b) plan.

These plans are intended to provide a degree of certainty that accumulated deferred compensation benefits will actually be paid. Amounts contributed to an irrevocable plan should not revert to the church until all nonqualified deferred compensation benefits have been paid to eligible participants.

Because trust assets are subject to the claims of the church's creditors in the case of insolvency or bankruptcy, the creation of a 457 plan does not cause the arrangement to be treated as "funded" for income tax purposes.

#### **Caution**

An allowance to cover the minister's self-employment social security tax provides absolutely no tax benefit since the amount is fully taxable. However, paying at least one-half of the minister's social security tax is important so this amount can be properly shown as a fringe benefit for compensation analysis purposes.

Distribution rules for 457 plans are not as flexible as for 403(b) accounts. For example, money in a 457 plan is not eligible to be rolled over into qualified retirement plans such as 403(b) plans or IRAs.

- ☐ **Individual retirement accounts.** Amounts contributed by a church for a ministeremployee's Individual Retirement Account (IRA) are includible in the employee's compensation on the Form W-2 and are subject to self-employment tax. IRA contributions may fall into one of the following categories:
  - Contributions to a regular IRA. Each spouse may, in the great majority of cases, make deductible contributions to his or her IRA up to the dollar limitation (e.g., \$6,000 reduced by adjusted gross income limits for 2019). The adjusted gross income phaseout ranges for 2019 are \$103,000 to \$123,000 for married taxpayers and \$64,000 to \$74,000 for singles. (The phaseout amounts are different if the minister is not an active participant but his or her spouse is.) Catch-up contributions of \$1,000 may be made by taxpayers age 50 and over.
  - **Contributions to a Roth IRA.** Nondeductible contributions may be made to a Roth IRA. The buildup of interest and dividends within the account may be tax-free depending on how and when you withdraw the money from the account.
- □ **Keogh plans.** If a minister has self-employment income for income tax purposes, a Keogh plan (also called "qualified retirement plans") may be used. Amounts contributed to a Keogh plan are not taxed until distribution if the contribution limits are observed. If a minister withdraws money from a Keogh plan before reaching the age of 59½, the minister will be subject to a 10% early withdrawal penalty.
- ➤ Social security tax reimbursement. Churches commonly reimburse ministers for a portion or all of their self-employment social security (SECA) tax liability. Any social security reimbursement must be reported as taxable income.
  - Because of the deductibility of the self-employment tax in both the income tax and self-employment tax computations, a full reimbursement is effectively less than the gross 15.3% rate.
- ➤ Tuition and fee discounts. If you are an employee of a church-operated elementary, secondary, or undergraduate institution, certain tuition and fee discounts provided to a minister, spouse, or dependent children are generally tax-free. The discounts must be nondiscriminatory and relate to an educational program.
  - If you are employed by the church and not by the church-related or church-operated private school, any tuition and fee discounts that you receive are taxable income.
- ➤ Vehicles/personal use of church-owned vehicle. The personal use of a church-provided vehicle is considered a taxable fringe benefit. The fair market value of the personal use must be included in the minister's gross income, unless the full value is reimbursed to the church.
- ➤ Vehicle use/nonpersonal. The total value of a qualified nonpersonal-use vehicle is excluded from income as a working condition fringe. The term "qualified nonpersonal-use vehicle" means any vehicle that is not likely to be used more than a small amount for personal purposes because of its nature or design.
  - **Example:** A church provides the minister with a vehicle to use for church business. The minister does not qualify for a home office and leaves the car parked at the church when it is not being driven for business purposes. There is a written agreement with the church that prohibits personal use of the vehicle. Only in an emergency is the car driven for personal benefit. This vehicle should qualify under the nonpersonal-use provision, and the entire value of the nonpersonal use of the vehicle would be excluded from income.

# Reporting Compensation, Fringe Benefits, and Reimbursements for Income Tax Purposes\*

Explanation	Minister-Employee
Bonus or gift from the church	Taxable income/Form W-2
Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting	Tax-free/excluded
Business and professional expense reimbursed without adequate accounting	Taxable income/Form W-2
Club dues paid by the church	Taxable income/Form W-2 (exception for dues for professional organizations and civic and public service groups)
Compensation reported to the minister by the church	Taxable income/Form W-2
Dependent care assistance payments	Tax-free, subject to limitations
Educational assistance programs	May be eligible to exclude up to \$5,250 of qualified assistance
401(k) plan	Eligible for 401(k) (either tax-deferred or taxable with tax-free growth)
403(b) tax-sheltered annuity	Eligible for 403(b)
Gifts/personal (not handled through the church)	Tax-free
Health Savings Account	Tax-free
Healthcare flexible spending account	Tax-free
Housing allowance	Tax-free, subject to limitations
IRA payments by church	Taxable income/Form W-2, may be deducted
Insurance, disability, paid by minister; minister is beneficiary	Premiums paid after tax; proceeds are tax-free
Insurance, disability paid by church; minister is beneficiary	Premiums are tax-free; proceeds are taxable
Insurance, group-term life paid by church	Premiums on first \$50,000 of coverage is tax-free
* Many of these compensation elements are conditioned on pla	ns being properly established and subject to annual limits.

Explanation	Minister-Employee
Insurance, health	Tax-free, if directly paid by church as part of a qualifying group plan. If paid by minister and not reimbursed by church, deduct on Schedule A, subject to limitations
Insurance, life, whole or universal, church is beneficiary	Tax-free
Insurance, life, whole or universal, minister designates beneficiary	Taxable income/Form W-2
Insurance, long-term care	Tax-free if directly paid by the church or reimbursed to minister on substantiation.  If paid by minister and not reimbursed by church, deduct on Schedule A subject to limitations
Loans, certain low-interest or interest-free loans over \$10,000 to ministers	Imputed interest (the difference between the IRS-established interest rate and the rate charged) is taxable income/Form W-2
Moving expenses paid by the church (only applies to certain qualified expenses)	Taxable (not deductible by minister)/Form W-2
Pension payments by the church to a denominational plan for minister	Tax-deferred. No reporting required until the funds are withdrawn by minister or pension benefits are paid
Per diem payments for meals, lodging, and incidental expenses	May be used for travel away from home under an accountable reimbursement plan
Professional income (weddings, funerals)	Taxable income/Schedule C
Property transferred to minister at no cost or less than fair market value	Taxable income/Form W-2
Retirement or farewell gift to minister from church	Generally taxable income/Form W-2
Salary from church	Taxable income/Form W-2
Social security reimbursed by church to minister	Taxable income/Form W-2
Travel paid for minister's spouse by the church	May be tax-free if there is a business purpose
Tuition and fee discounts	May be tax-free in certain situations
Value of home provided to minister	Tax-free
Vehicles/personal use of church-owned automobile	Taxable income/Form W-2
Voluntary withholding	Eligible for voluntary withholding agreement

# Part 4: Business and Professional Expenses

Most ministers spend several thousand dollars each year on church-related business expenses. For example, the ministry-related portion of auto expenses is often a major cost.

Business and professional expenses fall into three basic categories: (1) expenses reimbursed under an accountable plan, (2) expenses paid under a nonaccountable plan, and (3) unreimbursed expenses. Neither of the last two categories provide any income tax benefit to a minister.

The reimbursement of a personal expense by a church does not change the character of the item from personal to business. Business expenses are business expenses whether or not they are reimbursed. Personal expenses are always nondeductible and nonreimbursable. If a personal expense is inadvertently reimbursed by the church, ministers should immediately refund the money to the church.

To be reimbursable, a business expense must be both ordinary and necessary. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and essential

for your field. An expense does not have to be indispensable to be considered necessary.



## **Key Issue**

Combining an accountable expense

reimbursement plan with a housing

allowance or health reimbursement

benefit plan) is not permissible. These

arrangement (or any other fringe

concepts are each covered under separate sections of the tax law and

cannot be commingled.

# Accountable and Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement Plans

An accountable plan is a reimbursement or expense advance arrangement established by your church that requires (1) a business purpose for the expenses, (2) substantiation of the expenses to the church, and (3) the return of any excess reimbursements to the church.

The substantiation of expenses and return of excess reimbursements must be handled within a reasonable time. The following methods meet the "reasonable time" definition:

>	The f	ixed date method applies if:
		an advance is made within 30 days of when an expense is paid or incurred;
		an expense is substantiated to the church within 60 days after the expense is paid or incurred; and
		any excess amount is returned to the church within $120$ days after the expense is paid or incurred.
>	The p	periodic statement method applies if:
		the church provides employees with a periodic statement that sets forth the amount paid that is more than substantiated expenses under the arrangement;
		the statements are provided at least quarterly;
		the church requests that ministers provide substantiation for any additional expenses that have not yet been substantiated and/or return any amounts remaining unsubstantiated within 120 days of the statement.

Business expenses that are substantiated and reimbursed are not included on Form W-2. Business expenses that are reimbursed but not substantiated are included on Form W-2 in Box 1.

The IRS disallows deductions for a portion of unreimbursed business expenses on Schedule C on the premise that the expenses can be allocated to your tax-exempt housing allowance. This is another reason that all ministers should comply with the accountable expense reimbursement rules. The goal should be to eliminate all unreimbursed business expenses.

## Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement or Allowances

If you do not substantiate your business expenses to the church, or if the amount of the reimbursement exceeds your actual expenses and the excess is not returned to the church within a reasonable period, your tax life becomes more complicated.

If your church pays you an "allowance" in lieu of reimbursing substantiated business expenses, it represents taxable compensation. The term "allowance" implies that the payment is not based upon substantiated expenses, does not meet the adequate accounting requirements for an accountable plan, and must be included in your income.



## **Warning**

Many ministers are paid expense "allowances." These payments accomplish nothing in terms of good stewardship. "Allowances" are fully taxable for income and social security tax purposes.

Nonaccountable reimbursements, allowances, and excess reimbursements over IRS mileage or per diem limits must be included in your gross income and reported as wages on Form W-2. These expenses are not deductible for income tax purposes.

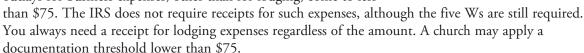
# Substantiating Business Expenses

For expenses to be treated as a tax-free reimbursement, a minister must show that the money was spent and that it was spent it for a legitimate business reason. To prove that you spent the money, you generally need to provide documentary evidence that can be confirmed by a third party. Canceled checks, credit card statements, or other receipts are an excellent starting point. To the IRS, third-party verification is important. If business expenses are paid in cash, be sure to get a receipt.

Documenting a business expense can be time-consuming. The IRS is satisfied if the five Ws are noted:

- Why (business purpose)
- What (description, including itemized accounting of cost)
- ➤ When (date)
- ➤ Where (location)
- ➤ Who (names of those for whom the expense was incurred; *e.g.*, Pastor Mark Smith)

The only exception to the documentation rules is if your individual outlays for business expenses, other than for lodging, come to less



For more detailed information, refer to IRS Publication 535, Business Expenses, and Publication 463, Travel, Entertainment, Gift, and Car Expenses.



#### Remember

When ministers provide a listing of business expenses to the church or other employer—this is only a report, not documentation. Documentary evidence is much more than a report. It involves a detailed support of the five Ws (why, what, when, where, and who).

# Auto Expense Reimbursements

A minister's car expenses are reimbursable to the extent they are for business (or income producing) rather than personal use. Generally, only those expenses that are necessary to drive and maintain a car that is used to go from one workplace to another are deductible.

# Mileage and Actual Expense Methods

In determining the amount eligible for reimbursement for the business use of a personal car, you can use one of two methods to figure your deduction: the standard mileage rate or the actual expense method. The simplicity of the standard mileage rate method is compelling.

# Standard Mileage Rate Method

If your church pays you a mileage rate up to the IRS standard rate (58 cents per mile for 2019) and you provide the church with the time, place, and business purpose of your driving, you have made an adequate accounting of your automobile expenses, qualifying for a tax-free reimbursement.

If the church does not reimburse you for auto expenses or reimburses you under a nonaccountable plan, you may not deduct the expenses for income tax purposes except on Schedule C in relation to Schedule C income.

## Remember

The standard mileage rate may generate lower reimbursement than using actual expenses in some instances. But the simplicity of the standard mileage method is very compelling.

The standard mileage rate, which includes depreciation and maintenance costs, is based on the government's estimate of the average cost of operating an automobile. Depending upon the make, age, and cost of the car, the mileage rate may be more or less than your actual auto expense. If you use the mileage rate, you also may be reimbursed for parking fees, tolls, and the business portion of the personal property tax.

## **Documentation of Auto Expense**

To support your automobile expense reimbursement, automobile expenses must be substantiated by adequate records. A weekly or monthly mileage log that identifies dates, destinations, business purposes, and odometer readings in order to allocate total mileage between business and personal use is a basic necessity if you use the mileage method. If you use the actual expense method, a mileage log and supporting documentation of expenses are required.

## Per diem allowance

The IRS provides per diem allowances under which the amount of away-from-home meals and lodging expenses may be substantiated. These rates may not be used to reimburse volunteers. Higher per diem rates apply to certain locations annually identified by the IRS. For more information on these rules, see IRS Publication 1542.

## Commuting

Personal mileage is never reimbursable. Commuting mileage is personal mileage.

Travel to and from home and church (a regular work location) and for church services and other work at the church is commuting and is not reimbursable. The same rule applies to multiple trips made in the same day. On the other hand, the cost of traveling between your home and a temporary

## Remember

For your records to withstand an IRS audit, use a daily mileage log to document business vs. personal mileage. Whether you keep a notepad in the car or track the data on your smartphone, some type of log is the best approach to submitting data for reimbursement from your church.

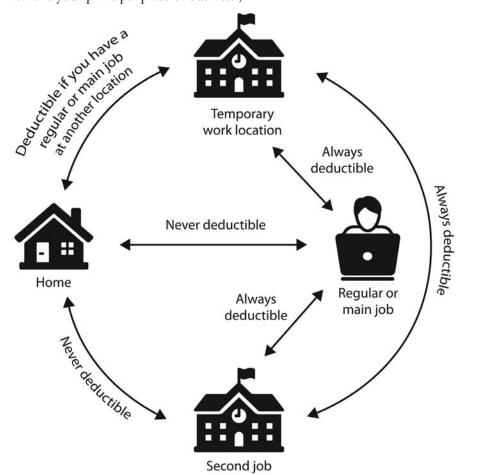
work location is generally reimbursable. Once you arrive at the first work location, temporary or regular, you may be reimbursed for trips between work locations.

A regular place of business is any location at which you work or perform services on a regular basis. These services may be performed every week, for example, or merely on a set schedule. A temporary place of business is any location at which you perform services on an irregular or short-term (i.e., generally a matter of days or weeks) basis.

# Commuting vs. Business Miles

# When are transportations expenses deductible?

Most employees and self-employed persons can use this chart. (Do not use this chart if your home is your principal place of business.)



**Home:** The place where you reside. Transportation expenses between your home and your main or regular place of work are personal commuting expenses.

**Regular or main job:** Your principal place of business. If you have more than one job, you must determine which is your regular or main job. Consider the time you spend at each, the activity you have at each, and the income you earn at each.

**Temporary work location:** A place where your work assignment is realistically expected to last (and does in fact last) one year or less. Unless you have a regular place of business, you can only deduct your transportation expenses to a temporary work location outside your metropolitan area.

# Other Business and Professional Expenses

## **Business** gifts

You may be reimbursed up to \$25 per donee for business gifts to any number of individuals every year. Incidental costs, such as for engraving, gift wrapping, insurance, and mailing do not need to be included in determining whether the \$25 limit has been exceeded.

The gifts must be related to ministry at the church. Gifts to church staff or board members would generally be deductible, subject to the \$25 limit. Wedding and graduation gifts generally do not qualify as business expenses.

## Cell phones

The IRS treats the value of a church-provided cell phone and similar telecommunications equipment (including the value of any personal use by the employee) as excludible from the employee's income, as long as the cell phone is provided to the employee primarily for a noncompensatory business reason (such as the employer's need to contact the employee at all times for work-related emergencies). Providing a cell phone to promote morale or goodwill, to attract a prospective employee, or to furnish additional compensation to an employee is evidence that there is no noncompensatory business reason.

Church staff may be reimbursed for the business use of a cell phone, but the church should generally require the employee to submit a copy of the monthly bill and evidence that the bill has been paid.

If a church does not have a substantial noncompensatory business reason for providing a cell phone to an employee or reimbursing the employee for business use of his or her personal cell phone, then the value of the use of the phone or the amount of the reimbursement is includible in gross income, reportable on Forms 941 and W-2, and for lay employees is subject to employment tax withholding.

As a minister, the use of a cell phone must be for the "convenience of the church" and required as a "condition of employment." The "convenience of the church" test will generally be met if the cell phone is furnished for substantial "noncompensatory business reasons." Whether a minister (or other church employee) passes the "condition of employment" test is based on all the facts and circumstances and is not determined merely by an employer's statement that the use of the cell phone is a condition of employment.

If a minister meets the "convenience of the employer" and "condition of employment" tests but does not use the cell phone more than 50% of the time for work, he or she must depreciate it using the straight-line method for reimbursement purposes. The minister may be reimbursed the business-related phone call charges and the business-related portion of the monthly fees.

## Entertainment

Entertainment expenses may qualify for reimbursement under an accountable expense reimbursement plan if they represent an ordinary and necessary business expense.

## Meals

Meal expenses are reimbursable if they are ordinary and necessary and are either directly related to, or associated with, your ministerial responsibilities.

• Lunches as business or personal expense. The issue of a minister's lunch expenses can be a thorny one. When a minister is not traveling away from home on business and the minister eats

alone, the meal cost is personal and not reimbursable. Ministers generally eat lunch every day and often with others. A key question is whether the lunch expense is a business expense and reimbursable under an accountable expense reimbursement plan. It is solely the minister's responsibility to document the basis for claiming a lunch expense with another church staff member as an ordinary and necessary business expense. A church has no burden to prove that an expense is a business expense instead of a personal expense.

- Lunches with non-church staff members. If these lunches are occasional and there is a church business connection, these lunches may qualify for reimbursement under an accountable expense reimbursement plan. For example, a pastor may have lunch once a month with the pastor of another church across town to discuss how each other handles certain issues in a church. A lunch of this type likely qualifies as a reimbursable business expense. Similar principles apply to the scenario of a pastor having a meal with church volunteers.
- Lunches with other church staff. Ministers often eat lunch with one or more other church staff members. If the minister picking up the tab turns the expense in for reimbursement under an accountable expense reimbursement plan, should the church treasurer consider the amount as an ordinary and necessary business expense and reimburse the expense and consider the amount tax-free? Or, should the church treasurer pay the expense and include it in compensation on Form W-2 as a personal expense? Or, should the church treasurer consider it a personal expense and refuse to pay the amount, since there is not a good basis for the church to pay any personal expenses?

While an occasional meal with another church staff member may represent an ordinary and necessary business expense, frequent meals of this nature will rarely meet the business expense test. A monthly meeting with one or more staff members to discuss planning and church operational issues could meet the ordinary and necessary business expense test. However, a daily, every-few-days, weekly, or bi-weekly meeting with the same staff members is unlikely to meet the business expense test.

Certain meal expenses incurred in the minister's home may be reimbursable if they are ordinary and necessary business expenses. The minister should keep a log including date(s), names of guests, ministry purpose, and cost (not comparable value if purchased at a restaurant). Some ministers claim reimbursements for providing overnight lodging for church-related guests based on the value of motel lodging. There is no basis for such reimbursements since no out-of-pocket expense was incurred.

## Employer-owned laptops or reimbursements

With the passage of tax reform, the treatment of employer-owned laptops or reimbursements now follow similar rules for cell phones as discussed above. As long as an employer has provided computer equipment (or reimbursements for the equipment) primarily for noncompensatory business reasons, it is treated as a tax-free fringe benefit.

## Warning

If a minister purchases a computer and uses it primarily for church work and meets the "condition" and "convenience" tests, only the depreciation on the business portion of the computer can be reimbursed by the church, not the entire cost of the business portion, based on the Section 179 first-year write-off rules.

# Part 5: Paying Income Taxes

The federal income tax is a pay-as-you-go tax. You must pay the tax as you earn or receive income during the year. Lay employees are subject to income tax withholding. However, the pay of a qualified minister is not subject to federal income tax withholding. Ministers who are employees for income tax purposes may enter into a voluntary withholding agreement with the church to cover any income tax and self-employment social security tax that are due. IRS Publication 505 provides additional information on tax withholding and estimated taxes.

# Tax Withholding

Churches are not required to withhold income taxes from wages paid to ministers for services performed in the exercise of their ministry. The exemption does not apply to nonministerial church employees such as a secretary, organist, or custodian.



## **Filing Tip**

When using the estimated tax method of submitting income and social security tax money to the IRS, pay at least as much as your previous year's total taxes (before offsetting withholding, estimated tax payments, etc.). Spread the payments equally over the four Forms 1040-ES. This will generally avoid underpayment penalties.

Ministers may have a voluntary withholding agreement with the employing church to cover income taxes (the amount may be set high enough to also cover the self-employment social security tax liability). Ministers need only file Form W-4 with the church to establish a voluntary withholding arrangement.

## Estimated Tax

Estimated tax is the method used to pay income and self-employment taxes for income that is not subject to withholding. Your estimated tax is your expected tax for the year minus your expected withholding and credits.

If you are filing a declaration of estimated tax, the employee must complete the quarterly Forms 1040-ES. If 2020 estimated taxes are \$1,000 or less, no declaration of estimated tax is required.

If your estimated tax payments for 2020 equal 90% of the 2019 tax liability, you will generally avoid underpayment penalties. An option is to make the 2020 estimated tax payments equal 100% of your 2019 federal and social security taxes (Form 1040, page 2, Line 16). This method generally avoids underpayment penalties and is easier to calculate.



#### Idea

Though not required, churches should offer to withhold federal (and state and local, where applicable) income taxes (never FICA taxes!) from ministerial pay. Filing Forms 1040-ES often means saving up money for the 4/15, 6/15, 9/15, and 1/15 deadlines. Withholding the proper amount each week or payday is so much more efficient.

In estimating 2020 taxes, net earnings from self-employment should be reduced by 7.65% before calculating the self-employment tax of 15.3%. There also is an income tax deduction for one-half of your self-employment tax (Form 1040, Schedule 1, Line 14).

You pay one-fourth of your total estimated taxes in installments as follows:

For the	e P	<u>eriod</u>	2020 Due Date
January 1	-	March 31	April 15
April 1	-	May 31	June 17
June 1	-	August 31	September 15
September 1	-	December 31	January 15



#### Remember

State income tax payment requirements may also be met by making estimated state tax payments.

# Part 6: Paying Social Security Taxes

Social security taxes are collected under two systems. Under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), the employer pays one-half of the tax and the employee pays the other half. Under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA), the self-employed person pays all the tax (self-employment tax) as calculated on the taxpayer's Schedule SE.

Compensation received by ministers for services performed in the exercise of ministry is self-employment income and is always subject to self-employment tax (SECA). Ministerial income is exempt from SECA only if you have opted out of social security. Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) social security tax should *never* be withheld from the compensation of qualified ministers.

# • Computing the Self-Employment Tax

The following tax rates apply to net earnings from self-employment of \$400 or more each year:

	<u>Tax</u>	Rate	<u>Maximum Ear</u>	rnings Base
<u>Year</u>	<u>OASDI</u>	<u>Medicare</u>	<u>OASDI</u>	Medicare
2018	12.4%	2.9%	\$128,400	no limit
2019	12.4%	2.9%	132,900	no limit
2020	12.4%	2.9%	137,700	no limit

OASDI = Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, or social security

# Self-Employment Tax Deduction

You can take an income tax deduction equal to one-half of your self-employment tax liability. The deduction is claimed against gross income on Line 14 of Form 1040, Schedule 1. You may also deduct a portion of your self-employment tax liability in calculating your self-employment tax. This deduction is made on Schedule SE, Section A, Line 4 or Section B, Line 4a, by multiplying self-employment income by .9235. The purpose of these deductions is to equalize the social

security (and income) taxes paid by (and for) employees and self-employed persons with equivalent income.

# Opting Out of Social Security Taxes

All ministers are automatically covered by social security (SECA) for services in the exercise of ministry, unless an exemption has been received based on the filing with and approval by the IRS of Form 4361. You must certify that you oppose, either conscientiously or because of religious principles, the *acceptance* of any public insurance (with respect to services performed as a minister), including social security coverage. This includes an opposition to insurance that helps pay for or provides services for medical care (such as Medicare) and social security benefits. Your opinion of the financial stability of the social security program is not a valid basis to file for exemption.

# Deadline for Filing for an Exemption

The application for exemption from self-employment tax must be filed by the date your tax return is due, including extensions, for the second year in which you had net ministerial income of \$400 or more. These do not have to be consecutive tax years.



## Warning

Opting out of social security is relatively simple. Form 4361 must be filed by the due date of the tax return for the second year with \$400 or more, any portion of which comes from the exercise of ministry. But the simplicity of opting out should not be confused with the significant difficulty of complying with the requirements for opting out.



#### **Key Issue**

Unless ministers have opted out of social security, the net ministerial income plus the excluded housing allowance and the fair rental value of church-provided housing is subject to self-employment social security tax. This is true even if the minister is retired and receiving social security benefits. There is no age limit on paying social security tax.

# Part 7: Form 1040 - Line by Line Return Preparation

# Form 1040

New for 2019, the IRS has further simplified the basic tax Form 1040 by reducing the six schedules used in 2018 down to three half-pages.

The first half-page of the new Form 1040 includes basic taxpayer and dependent identification information, while the second page is where all income and tax reporting occur. To accomplish this simplified design, the IRS has moved many of the less frequently used fields and added them to Schedules 1–3. Many ministers may report information on several of these schedules, especially as it relates to self-employment taxes.



has not included the housing allow-

ance amount in Box 1 of Form W-2.

Reviewing the Form 1040 and Schedules 1–3 line-by-line may jog your memory about money received or spent in 2019.

• Filing status. Married filing jointly: If the minister's spouse died in 2019, he or she can still file jointly and take advantage of tax rates that would be lower than if he or she files as a single person or as a head of household.

**Married filing separately:** If the minister is married and lives in a separate-property state, compute the tax two ways—jointly and separately. Then, file the return resulting in the lower tax.

Filing Status Check only		Single Married filing jointly uchecked the MFS box, enter the name			-	arately (MFS)						
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Your first name			Las	t name	e					Your so	ocial se	ecurity number
If joint return, sp	pouse's	s first name and middle initial	Las	t name	е					Spouse	's soci	ial security numbe
Home address	(numbe	er and street). If you have a P.O. box, se	ee instr	uction	ıs.				Apt. no.	Check her	e if you,	lection Campaign , or your spouse if filin
City, town or po	ost offic	ee, state, and ZIP code. If you have a fo	reign a	ddres	s, also	complete sp	aces below (see instru	etions	s).	Checking a	a box be	go to this fund. slow will not change you You Spouse
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Deduction for— Single or Married filing separately, \$12,200  Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), \$24,400  Head of household, \$18,350  If you checked any box under Standard	2a 3a 4a c 5a 6 7a b	Tax-exempt interest	2a 3a 4a 4c 5a e D if re d 7a. The	equired nis is y e 22 justed	d. If no	ot required, ch	<ul><li>b Ordinary dividends</li><li>b Taxable amount</li><li>d Taxable amount</li><li>b Taxable amount</li></ul>	. Attac	Sch. B if require	. 1 2b 2b 3b 4b . 4d . 5b 6 6 . 7a . 7b 8a		
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**Head of household:** If the minister is single, he or she may qualify as head of household if he or she provided a home for someone else—like a parent. Filing as head of household rather than as a single person can save a bundle on taxes.

**Qualifying widow(er):** If the minister's spouse died in 2017 or 2018 and he or she has a dependent child, there is benefit from joint-return rates as a qualifying widow(er).

- **Dependents.** Remember to include a social security number for any dependents. If a child does not have one, obtain Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Number, at <a href="http://www.ssa.gov/online/ssa-5.html">http://www.ssa.gov/online/ssa-5.html</a>. If unable to secure the social security number before the filing deadline, the minister may file for an extension of time to file.
- Income and deductions (Lines 1 to 11b). Line 1: If the minister is considered an employee for income tax purposes, he or she should receive Form W-2 from the church. The total amount of the taxable wages is shown in Box 1 of Form W-2; attach Copy B of the W-2 to your Form 1040. Include the data from other W-2s received for the minister or spouse on this line. If the church erroneously included the housing allowance in Box 1, Form W-2, the minister should ask the church to reissue a corrected Form W-2.

If the cash housing allowance designated and paid by the church exceeds the lowest of (1) the amount used to provide a home from current ministerial income, (2) the amount properly designated by the employer, or (3) the fair rental value of the home including utilities and furnishings, enter the difference on Line 1.

**Line 2a:** Here's where to note any tax-exempt interest from municipal bonds or municipal bond funds. Don't worry—that income is not taxable. But social security recipients must count all their tax-exempt interest when computing how much of their social security benefits will be taxable.

Line 2b: Include as taxable-interest income the total amount of earnings on savings accounts, certificates of deposit, credit union accounts, corporate bonds and corporate bond mutual funds, U.S. treasuries and U.S. government mutual funds, and interest paid to the minister for a belated federal or state tax refund (whether or not a Form 1099-INT has been received). If the statements due have not yet been received, call the issuer to get them. If more than \$1,500 of taxable interest income was received in 2019, Schedule B must also be completed.

**Line 3b:** Enter as dividend income only ordinary dividends, not capital-gains dividends paid by mutual funds, which are reported on Schedule D. Form 1099-DIV statements show the amount and type of ordinary dividends received during 2019. If more than \$1,500 in dividend income was received in 2019, Schedule B must be completed. Remember: earnings from a moneymarket mutual fund are considered dividend income, not interest income.

**Line 4a:** Report all distributions from IRAs, pensions and annuities on this line, including amounts that were rolled over tax-free in 2019 from one account into another.

**Line 4b:** Report the taxable portion of these distributions. If any distributions were received from a denominationally sponsored plan, the minister may be eligible to exclude a portion or all of these payments as a housing allowance.

**Line 5a:** No more than 85% of social security benefits can be taxed for 2019 and none at all if the provisional income is below \$32,000 on a joint return, \$25,000 for singles. If the income doesn't exceed the threshold, leave this line blank. If it does, use the worksheet on Form 1099-SSA to compute taxes on the benefits.

**Line 5b:** Report any taxable portion of social security benefits on this line.

**Filing Tip** 

Form 1040, Page 1, Line 1. If the housing allowance designated by the employer exceeds the housing allowance exclusion to which the minister is entitled, he or she must include the difference on Line 1 with a description "Excess housing allowance."

**Line 6:** Enter capital-gains dividends if there were no other capital gains or losses in 2019.

**Line 9:** Claim the standard deduction only if the amount exceeds what could be written off in itemizing expenses on Schedule A. For 2019, the standard deduction is \$24,400 joint, \$18,350 head of household, \$12,200 single, and \$12,200 for married filing separately. The amounts are higher if the minister or spouse is 65 or older or legally blind.

**Line 10:** Compute your qualified business income deduction on Form 8995/8995-A and reflect the amount on Line 10. Most ministers will qualify for this deduction because of Schedule C net income from fees for speaking, weddings, funerals, etc.

#### Form 1040 - Page 2

****	9)							_	Page
	12a	Tax (see inst.) Check if any from F	orm(s): 1 🔲 881	4 2 4972	3 🗆	12a		_	
	b	Add Schedule 2, line 3, and line	12a and enter the	total		5 . 5 .	>	12b	
	13a	Child tax credit or credit for other	r dependents .			13a			
	b	Add Schedule 3, line 7, and line	13a and enter the	total			>	13b	
	14	Subtract line 13b from line 12b.	If zero or less, ente	er -0	77776			14	
	15	Other taxes, including self-emple	oyment tax, from S	Schedule 2, line	10			15	
	16	Add lines 14 and 15. This is you	total tax				•	16	
	17	Federal income tax withheld from	n Forms W-2 and	1099				17	
If you have a	18	Other payments and refundable	credits:						
qualifying child,	a	Earned income credit (EIC) .				18a			
attach Sch. EIC. If you have	b	Additional child tax credit. Attac	h Schedule 8812			18b		37	
nontaxable	c	American opportunity credit from	n Form 8863, line	8		18c			
combat pay, see instructions.	d	Schedule 3, line 14				18d			
	e	Add lines 18a through 18d, Thes	e are your total o	ther payments	and refundable cr	edits	>	18e	
	19	Add lines 17 and 18e. These are	your total payme	ents				19	
Refund	20	If line 19 is more than line 16, su	btract line 16 from	line 19. This is	the amount you ov	erpaid		20	
neiuliu	21a	Amount of line 20 you want refu	nded to you. If Fo	orm 8888 is atta	sched, check here		▶ □	21a	
Direct deposit?	► b	Routing number			► c Type:	Checking	Savings		
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	22	Amount of line 20 you want app	lied to your 2020	estimated tax		22			
Amount	23	Amount you owe. Subtract line	19 from line 16. Fr	or details on ho	w to pay, see instru	ctions	>	23	
You Owe	24	Estimated tax penalty (see instru	uctions)			24			
Third Party	Do	you want to allow another person	(other than your p	oaid preparer) to	o discuss this return	with the IRS? S	ee instruction	=	Yes. Complete below No
Designee									
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• Tax computation (Lines 12 to 19). Line 13a: If the minister has a dependent child (a child under the age of 17 at the end of the tax year), he or she should complete Schedule 8812 to claim up to a maximum credit of \$2,000 per qualifying child. This credit can reduce the actual taxes owed dollar-for-dollar, but only \$1,400 per child can be refundable beyond 2019.

**Line 17:** Show the amount of federal income tax the church withheld (from the W-2, Box 2) along with other federal income tax withholding from other employment of the minister or spouse here. Also include tax withheld on the other Forms 1099 and W-2. The amount withheld should be shown in Box 6 of Form 1099-SSA and Box 4 of other Forms 1099.

**Line 18b:** Enter the amount of your child tax credit on this line based on the completion of Schedule 8812.

• Refund or amount owed (Lines 20 to 24). Line 24: The IRS assumes the taxpayer must pay the estimated tax penalty if he or she owes \$1,000 or more beyond what has been paid through withholding or estimated tax and the amount due is more than 110% of the 2018 tax bill. The minister may qualify for one of several exceptions, however. Use Form 2210 to document an exception to an underpayment penalty.

#### Schedule 1 - Additional Income and Adjustments to Income

partn	Additional Income and Adjustments  Ment of the Treasury  Il Revenue Service  Additional Income and Adjustments  Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the life		20 Attachme Sequenc	19 ent e No. 01
me(s	(s) shown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR		Your social secur	ity numbe
Pari	Additional Income			
1	Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes		. 1	
2a	Alimony received		. 2a	
b				
3	Business income or (loss). Attach Schedule C		. 3	
4	Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797		. 4	
5	Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach So	chedule E	. 5	
6	Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F		. 6	
7	Unemployment compensation		. 7	
8	Other income. List type and amount ▶			
			8	
9	Combine lines 1 through 8. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7a		. 9	
Part	Adjustments to Income			
10	Educator expenses		. 10	
11	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis gove			
	Form 2106			
12	Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889			
13	Moving expenses for members of the Armed Forces. Attach Form 3903			
14	Deductible part of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE			
15	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans			
16	Self-employed health insurance deduction		. 16	
17	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings		. 17	
18a		Y Y	. 18a	
b		. •	_	
С				
19	IRA deduction	$\cdot \ \cdot \ \cdot \ \cdot \ \cdot \ \cdot$	. 19	
20	Student loan interest deduction			
21	Reserved for future use			
22	Add lines 10 through 21. These are your adjustments to income. Enter here 1040-SR, line 8a			

**Schedule 1, Line 1:** If a refund of a state or local tax was received in 2019 that was deducted on Schedule A in a prior year, include the refund here.

**Line 3:** Ministers almost always receive some honoraria or fee income from speaking engagements, weddings, funerals, and so on. This income, less related expenses, should be reported on Schedule C and entered on this line.

**Line 10:** If you or your spouse is an eligible educator, you can deduct up to \$500 (married filing jointly) for unreimbursed teaching-related expenses on this line.

**Line 12:** Contributions made by a taxpayer to a health savings account (HSA) up to \$3,450 for an individual plan and \$6,900 for a family plan are deductible on this line. Individuals who have

#### **Filing Tip**

**Schedule 1, Line 3.** The only ministerial income that should be reported on Line 3 is fees from weddings, funerals, speaking engagements, and similar income. Expenses related to this income should be deducted on Schedule C.

reached age 55 by the end of the tax year are allowed to increase their annual contribution for years after 2019.

**Line 14:** One-half of the social security tax that is deductible for income tax purposes is reflected on this line. This number comes from Schedule SE, Section A, Line 6, or Section B, Line 13.

**Line 20:** Interest paid on a qualifying student loan may be deducted on this line. The maximum deductible amount of interest is \$2,500, and it is phased out at high income levels.

Line 21: Line 21 would be used if Congress extends the tuition and fees deduction for 2019.

**Line 22:** If a minister is employed as a chaplain or any other minister of a nonreligious organization, use the dotted space next to Line 22 for the deduction of 403(b) contributions that were sent directly to the plan.

#### Schedule 2 - Additional Taxes

	DULE 2 040 or 1040-SR)	Additional Taxes	OM	1B №. 1545-0074
	partment of the Treasury email Revenue Service  Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.		Attachment Sequence No. 02	
lame(s)	shown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR	Yo	our social	security number
Part	Tax			
1	Alternative minimum tax. Attach f	Form 6251	1	-
2	Excess advance premium tax cre	edit repayment. Attach Form 8962	2	
3	Add lines 1 and 2. Enter here and	include on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12b	3	
Part				
4	Self-employment tax. Attach Sch	edule SE	4	
5	Unreported social security and M	ledicare tax from Form: a 4137 b 8919	5	
6	이 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	alified retirement plans, and other tax-favored accounts. Attach Form	6	
7a	[1982] [10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	ttach Schedule H	7a	
b		ver credit from Form 5405. Attach Form 5405 if required	7b	
8	Taxes from: a  Form 8959			
	c Instructions; enter code(s)_	00—F0	8	
9	Section 965 net tax liability install	Iment from Form 965-A 9		
10	Add lines 4 through 8. These are	e your total other taxes. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR,	1 5	
			10	

**Line 1:** Few ministers will have taxable income high enough to trigger the alternative minimum tax.

**Line 2:** If a minister had an excess advance payment of the premium tax credit, it would be calculated on Form 8962 with the amount carried over to Line 2.

**Line 4:** If the taxpayer is a qualified minister and has not opted out of social security, he or she is self-employed for social security tax purposes. Social security is not withheld by the church but is calculated on Schedule SE if there were net earnings of \$400 or more and paid with Form 1040. The tax is 15.3% of the first \$132,900 of 2019 self-employment income. If the total wages and self-employment earnings were less than \$132,900, time and headaches can probably be saved by filing the Short Schedule SE on the front of the SE form.

Line 5b: The minister will owe the tax on qualified plans plus the 10% penalty on the amount withdrawn from the IRA or another retirement plan if the minister was under 59½, unless certain exceptions are met.

**Line 7b:** Enter the first-time homebuyer credit you have to repay if you bought the home in 2008.

**Line 8:** Don't get confused: Even though the fourth-quarter 2019 estimated tax payment was made in January 2020, it's counted on the 2019 return.

#### Schedule 3 - Additional Credits and Payments

	EDULE 3		Additional (	Credits a	nd Pa	vme	ente						0	MB No. 1545-0074
(Form	1040 or 1040-SR)					No.							1	2019
	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service	► Go to v	► Attach www.irs.gov/Form1	to Form 1040 040 for instruct			test i	nfori	nati	on.			A	Attachment Sequence No. 03
Name(s	shown on Form 1040	or 1040-SR										You	r socia	al security number
Pari	Nonrefun	dable Credits												
1	Foreign tax cred	t. Attach Form 11	16 if required .			20 0 0	21	ş 9		93	20	្	1	
2	Credit for child a	nd dependent ca	re expenses. Attac	ch Form 2441			- 60			e.	50	. [	2	
3	Education credit	s from Form 8863	8, line 19								20	. [	3	
4	Retirement savir	gs contributions	credit. Attach Forn	n 8880								. [	4	
5			orm 5695										5	
6		m Form: a 🔲 3											6	
7	Add lines 1 throu	gh 6. Enter here	and include on Fo	rm 1040 or 10	40-SR,	line 13	b.	30 C					7	
Part	Other Pay	ments and Re	fundable Credit	s										
8	2019 estimated	ax payments and	amount applied for	rom 2018 retu	rn .				8 V	্	-		8	
9	Net premium tax	credit. Attach Fo	rm 8962					* 0			60	. [	9	
10	Amount paid wit	request for exte	nsion to file (see in	nstructions) .					82 ¥5	1	23	. [	10	
11			RTA tax withheld										11	
12	Credit for federa	tax on fuels. Atta	ach Form 4136 .						0.0	3	60	. [	12	
13	Credits from For	m: <b>a</b> $\square$ 2439	b Reserve	d c 🗆 88	85	d 🗆						_ [	13	_
14	Add lines 8 throu	gh 13. Enter here	and on Form 104	0 or 1040-SR	line 18	d .						. [	14	

**Line 1:** If you paid income tax to a foreign country of U.S. possession, you may be able to take this credit. Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to do so. However, if all of your foreign-source gross income was from interest and dividends; and all of that income and the foreign tax paid on it was reported to you on Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or Schedule K; and the total

Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or Schedule K; and the total of your foreign taxes wasn't more than \$600 if married filing jointly, then you generally do not have to complete Form 1116.

Line 2: You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for: (1) your qualifying child under age 13 whom you claim as your dependent, (2) your disabled spouse or any other disabled person who couldn't care for himself or herself, or (3) your child whom you couldn't claim as a dependent because of the rules for children of divorced or separated parents.

**Line 3:** If you (or your dependent) paid qualified expenses in 2019 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent to enroll in or attend an eligible educational institution, you may be able to take an education credit. See Form 8863 for details.

Filing Tip

**Schedule 3, Line 4.** If contributions were made to a 403(b) or 401(k) plan, and the adjusted gross income was \$50,000 or less, the minister may be eligible for the retirement savings contributions credit. The credit is also available for contributions to either a traditional or a Roth IRA. The excluded portion of minister's housing does not reduce this credit.

**Line 4:** Taxpayers with adjusted gross income of \$63,000 or less may claim a credit on this line equal to a certain percentage of the employee contributions made to a retirement account or IRA (must complete Form 8880).

#### Schedule A - Itemized Deductions

If the minister lives in church-provided housing, he or she often cannot itemize. But run down Schedule A just to see whether there might be more write-offs than the standard deduction will permit.

- Medical and dental expenses (Lines 1 to 4). Don't overlook the cost of getting to and from the doctor or pharmacist. Write off 20 cents per mile plus the cost of parking. If the taxpayer didn't drive, deduct any bus, train, or taxi fares. The cost of trips to see out-of-town specialists and as much as \$50 a day for the cost of lodging when out of town to get medical care count toward the 10% limit of adjusted gross income. Include all health insurance premiums, as well as Medicare Part B premiums for 2019.
- Taxes you paid (Lines 5 to 7). Even though real estate taxes are a housing expense excludable under the housing allowance, they may still be deducted (even for multiple properties if not deducted elsewhere on the return) on Line 5b as an itemized deduction—one of the few "double benefits" allowed in the tax law.

The deduction for state and local taxes is limited to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing married separately). State and local taxes are the taxes that you include on Lines 5a, 5b, and 5c.

• Interest you paid (Lines 8 to 10). The rules for deducting interest vary, depending on whether the loan proceeds are used for business, personal, or investment activities. See Publication 535 for more information about deducting business interest expenses. See Publication 550 for more information about deducting investment interest expenses. You can't deduct personal interest. However you can deduct qualified home mortgage interest (on your Schedule A) and interest on certain student loans (on Form 1040, Schedule 1, Line 20), as explained in Publications 936 and 970.

If you use the proceeds of a loan for more than one purpose (for example, personal and business), you must allocate the interest on the loan to each use.

You allocate interest on a loan in the same way as the loan is allocated, by tracing disbursements of the debt proceeds to specific uses.

**Line 8a:** If the minister bought a house during 2019, review all escrow or settlement papers for any mortgage interest paid that was not shown on the lender's year-end statement. If interest was paid on a second mortgage or line of credit secured by the minister's home, include the interest expense here.

It is possible to deduct mortgage interest as an itemized deduction even if the interest is included in housing expenses subject to a housing allowance. Interest on a home equity loan or line of credit is not deductible on Schedule A unless the loan proceeds were used to buy, build, or substantially improve the minister's home that secures the loan.

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#### **Filing Tip**

**Schedule A, 8a-c.** These lines relate to the most significant tax break available to ministers who own their own homes. Even though real estate taxes, mortgage interest, and points are excludable under the housing allowance, subject to certain limits, the same amounts are deductible as itemized deductions.

Likewise, the only mortgage interest properly includible as housing expense under a housing allowance is when the loan proceeds were used to provide housing. For example, interest on a second mortgage used to finance a child's college education is not deductible on Schedule A and does not qualify as a housing expense for housing allowance purposes.

Don't overlook points paid to get the mortgage. All of the points are generally deductible as interest here. Points paid for a refinancing must be amortized over the life of the loan. But it is permissible to deduct on the 2019 return the portion of all points paid that correspond with the percentage of refinancing used for home improvements.

• Gifts to charity (Lines 11 to 14). Line 16: For gifts you made in 2019, there must be written acknowledgments from the charity of any single gifts of \$250 or more and for all gifts of cash.

The following amounts are not deductible as charitable contributions:

- An amount paid to or for the benefit of a college or university in exchange for the right to purchase tickets to an athletic event in the college or university's stadium.
- Travel expenses (including meals and lodging) while away from home performing donated services, unless there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel.
- Political contributions
- Dues, fees, or bills paid to country clubs, lodges, fraternal orders, or similar groups.
- Value of your time or services.
- Value of blood given to a blood bank.
- The transfer of a future interest in tangible personal property. Generally no deduction is allowed until the entire interest has been transferred.
- Gifts to individuals and groups that are operated for personal profit.
- Gifts to foreign organizations.
- Gifts to civic leagues, social and sports clubs, labor unions, and chambers of commerce.
- · Cost of tuition.

on Schedule C.

**Line 12:** Deduct charitable mileage for any volunteer work at the rate of 14 cents a mile.

#### Schedule C - Net Profit from Business

Nearly every minister should file Schedule C. While a minister should receive Form W-2 for employment compensation and report the amount in Box 1 of Form W-2 on Form 1040, Line 1, most ministers have some income from honoraria or fees related to weddings or funerals. Additionally, a minister may have speaking fees unrelated to the employer, product royalties, and other self-employment income reportable

Only expenses related to the income reported on Schedule C may be deducted on the form. For example, if a minister received honoraria of \$500 for speaking at a church other than where employed, the \$500 is reported on Schedule C and the travel and other expenses related to the speaking engagement are deductible on the form. Expenses related to a minister's primary employment (compensation that was reported on Form W-2) is no longer deductible. This highlights the importance of churches adopting an accountable expense reimbursement policy.



#### **Filing Tip**

**Schedule C.** Only business expenses related to the income reported on Schedule C may be reported on the form. A minister's housing expenses are not deducted on this form (or generally any other form). Unreimbursed expenses related to employee compensation are not deductible as a result of tax reform.

#### Schedule SE - Self-Employment Tax

Most ministers will need to file Schedule SE to report income subject to self-employment taxes.

When computing the self-employment tax, net earnings include the gross income earned from performing qualified services minus the deductions related to that income.

#### Form 2441 - Child and Dependent Care Expenses

If the minister paid someone to care for his or her child or other qualifying person so he or she (and spouse, if filing a joint return) could work or look for work in 2019, the minister may be able to take the credit for child and dependent care expenses.

- Qualifying person (Line 2[a]). A qualifying person is any child under age 13 who can be claimed as a dependent. If the child turned 13 during the year, the child is a qualifying person for the part of the year he or she was under age 13.
- Qualified expenses (Line 2[c]). These include amounts paid for household services and care of the qualifying person while the taxpayer worked or looked for work. Child support payments are not qualified expenses. Household services include the services of a cook, maid, babysitter, housekeeper, or cleaning person if the services were partly for the care of the qualifying person.

#### Form 8863 - Education Credits

Education credits may be taken if the minister, spouse, or a dependent claimed on the taxpayer's return was a student enrolled at or attending an eligible educational institution.

- American Opportunity Credit (Part I). The minister may be able to take a credit of up to \$2,500 for qualified expenses paid in 2019 for each student who qualifies for the credit (see instructions for Form 8863).
- Lifetime learning credit (Part II). The maximum lifetime learning credit for 2019 is \$2,000, regardless of the number of students. The lifetime learning credit cannot be taken for any student for whom the American Opportunity Credit is being taken.
- Qualified expenses (worksheet in form instructions). Generally, qualified expenses are
  amounts paid in 2019 for tuition and fees required for the student's enrollment or attendance at
  an eligible educational institution. Qualified expenses do not include amounts paid for room and
  board, insurance, medical expenses, transportation, or course-related books, supplies, and
  equipment.

#### Form 8880 - Credit for Qualified Retirement Savings Contributions

You may be able to take a tax credit for making eligible contributions to your IRA or employer-sponsored retirement plan. And, beginning in 2018, if you're the designated beneficiary you may be eligible for a credit for contributions to your Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) account.

You're eligible for the credit if you're

- 1. age 18 or older;
- 2. not a full-time student; and
- 3. not claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

The amount of the credit is 50%, 20% or 10% of your retirement plan or IRA or ABLE account contributions, depending on your adjusted gross income (reported on your Form 1040 series return). The maximum contribution amount that may qualify for the credit is \$2,000 (\$4,000 if married filing jointly), making the maximum credit \$1,000 (\$2,000 if married filing jointly). Use the following chart to calculate your credit.

The Saver's Credit can be taken for your contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA; your 401(k), SIMPLE IRA, SARSEP, 403(b), 501(c)(18), or government 457(b) plan; and your voluntary after-tax employee contributions to your qualified retirement and 403(b) plans.

There is no requirement to file Form 8889 if HSA withdrawals for the

medical expenses.

year do not exceed unreimbursed

Credit Rate	Married Filing Jointly	Head of Household	All Other Filers*
50% of your contribution	AGI not more than \$38,500	AGI not more than \$28,875	AGI not more than \$19,250
20% of your contribution	\$38,501 – \$41,500	\$28,876 – \$31,125	\$19,251 – \$20,750
20% of your contribution	\$41,501 – \$64,000	\$31,126 – \$48,000	\$20,751 - \$32,000
0% of your contribution	more than \$64,000	more than \$48,000	more than \$32,000

Rollover contributions (money that you moved from another retirement plan or IRA) aren't eligible for the Saver's Credit.

The Saver's Credit can be taken for your contributions to an ABLE account if you're the designated beneficiary.

#### Form 8889 - Health Savings Account

The minister may be required to file Form 8889 if he or she participated in a Health Savings Account (HSA) in 2109.

- **HSA distributions (Line 14).** Amounts withdrawn from the HSA in 2019 are reflected on this line. There is generally no tax impact of HSA withdrawals unless they exceed unreimbursed medical expenses.
- Unreimbursed medical expenses (Line 15). Medical expenses that were not reimbursed by your medical insurance may generally be included on this line.

#### Form 8962 - Premium Tax Credit

The premium tax credit is for those that were enrolled in health insurance through a state marketplace. The credit provides financial assistance to pay the premiums. This form reconciles whether there is a refund owed to a taxpayer or whether the taxpayer owes additional taxes related to an advance payment of the premium tax credit.

- Part I. This section determines the annual contribution amount one is required to pay out of pocket.
- Part II. This section reconciles how much one has paid based on Form 1095-A and how much should be paid based on actual income as determined in Part I.
- Part III. This section is used to determine any necessary repayment of excess advance payment of a premium tax credit.
- Parts IV & V. Use these parts to make allocations as it may relate to divorces, married filing separately, marriages, or where a policy is shared between two tax families. See the Instructions to 8962 for further details.

# Form 8995 - Qualified Business income Deduction Simplified Computation

A minister may deduct up to the lesser of 20% of the taxpayer's qualified business income from the taxable income reported on Schedule C (and certain other income). Enter the amount from Schedule C, Line 31 on Form 8995, Line 1. Enter the amount from Line 15 of Form 8995 on Form 1040, page 1, Line 10.

# Sample Return No. 1 – Active Minister

# Minister considered to be an employee for income tax purposes with an accountable business expense plan.

The Browns live in a home they are personally purchasing. Pastor Brown has entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with the church, and \$12,000 of federal income taxes are withheld.

#### Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Church salary	\$74,850
Christmas and other special-occasion gifts paid by the church based on designated member-gifts to the church	750
Honoraria for performing weddings, funerals, and baptisms	650
Honorarium for speaking as an evangelist at another church	1,000
Interest income:	
Taxable	325
Self-employment tax allowance	12,000

#### Business Expenses, Itemized Deductions, Housing, and Other Data:

100% of church-related expenses (including 9,412 business miles) paid personally were reimbursed by the church under an accountable expense plan, based on timely substantiation of the expenses.

Expenses related to honoraria income:		
Parking	\$	50
Travel – 950 x 58¢ per mile		551
Potential itemized deductions:		
Unreimbursed doctors, dentists, and drugs	1	,500
State and local income taxes: withheld from 2019 salary	1	,600
Real estate taxes on home	2	,000
Home mortgage interest	14	,850
Cash charitable contributions	8	,200
Noncash charitable contributions – household furniture/fair market value		480
Student loan interest	1	,906
Housing data:		
Designation	26	,000
Actual expenses	25	,625
Fair rental value plus furnishings including utilities	25	,000
403(b) pre-tax contributions for Pastor Brown:		
Voluntary employee contributions made under a salary reduction agreement		500
Nonvoluntary employer contributions	2	,000
Moving expenses reimbursed	6	,750

Filing Status Check only one box.	Single Marrie  If you checked the MFS a child but not your dep	box, enter the name of		- 3 . S							1. 70
Your first name Milton L.	and middle initial		Last na								rity number 8194
	ouse's first name and mid	ddle initial	Last na						Spouse's	socials	ecurity number
418 Trent	number and street). If you con Street st office, state, and ZIP co			ons.	o complete s	paces below (see instr	uction	,	Presiden Check here ointly, wan	tial Elect if you, or \$3 to go	7249 tion Campaign your spouse if filing to this fund. will not change your
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Standard Deduction	Someone can claim:	You as a dependen a separate return or yo	_		spouse as a	dependent					
Age/Blindness Dependents (s (1) First name	You: Were born been instructions):	efore January 2, 1955		re blind Social se	Spouse:	Was born befo			Is blin ualifies for	(see instr	uctions): other dependents
Charles		Brown	51	4 43	9196	Son		X			
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	1 Wages, salaries, t	ips, etc. Attach Form(s	) W-2			xcess Housing	Allov	vance \$1,00	) 1	I	68,850
	2a Tax-exempt interes	est	a			<b>b</b> Taxable interest.	Attach	Sch. B if require	d 2b		325
tandard	3a Qualified dividend	ls	a			<b>b</b> Ordinary dividend	s. Attac	ch Sch. B if require	d 3b		
eduction for-	4a IRA distributions .	4	а			<b>b</b> Taxable amount			4b		
Single or Married filing separately,	c Pensions and ann	uities 4	c			d Taxable amount			4d		
\$12,200	5a Social security be	nefits 5	ia			<b>b</b> Taxable amount			5b		
Married filing jointly or Qualifying	6 Capital gain or (lo	ss). Attach Schedule D	if requi	ired. If n	ot required, o	heck here		▶□	6		
widow(er), \$24,400	7a Other income from	n Schedule 1, line 9							7a		1,205
Head of	<b>b</b> Add lines 1, 2b, 3	b, 4b, 4d, 5b, 6, and 7a	a. This i	s your to	otal income				7b		70,380
household, \$18,350	8a Adjustments to in	come from Schedule 1	, line 22	2 .					8a		8,611
If you checked	<b>b</b> Subtract line 8a fr	om line 7b. This is you	r adjus	ted gro	ss income		- 4-		8b		61,769
any box under Standard	9 Standard deduct	ion or itemized deduc	ctions (	from Sc	hedule A) .		9	27,130			
Deduction, see instructions.	10 Qualified business	s income deduction. At	tach Fo	rm 899	5 or Form 899	95-A	10	224			
see matructions.	11a Add lines 9 and 1	0							11a		26,906
	b Taxable income.	Subtract line 11a from	line 8b						11b		34,863

Form 1040 (2019	9)								Page 2
8	12a	Tax (see inst.) Check if any from Form(s): 1	8814 2 4972 3		12a	3,737			
	b	Add Schedule 2, line 3, and line 12a and ente	r the total				► 12	2b	3,737
	13a	Child tax credit or credit for other dependents			13a	2,000			2,050
	b 14	Add Schedule 3, line 7, and line 13a and ente Subtract line 13b from line 12b. If zero or less					13		1,687
	15	Other taxes, including self-employment tax, fi						5	13,409
	16	Add lines 14 and 15. This is your total tax .						6	15,096
	17	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2	and 1099				. 1	7	12,000
If you have a	18	Other payments and refundable credits:			1				
qualifying child, attach Sch. EIC,	a b	Earned income credit (EIC)		(a) (a)	18a 18b		-		
If you have nontaxable	C	American opportunity credit from Form 8863,			18c		-		
combat pay, see instructions.	d	Schedule 3, line 14							
	е	Add lines 18a through 18d. These are your to	▶ 18	Ве	0				
	19	Add lines 17 and 18e. These are your total pa	ayments					9	12,000
Refund	20	If line 19 is more than line 16, subtract line 16			oaid		$\neg$	0	
Direct deposit?	21a ▶ b	Amount of line 20 you want <b>refunded to you.</b> Routing number	1 1 1 1	_		►	_	1a	
See instructions.	► d	Account number			I	Savin	90		
	22	Amount of line 20 you want applied to your 2	2020 estimated tax	. •	22				
Amount	23	Amount you owe. Subtract line 19 from line	16. For details on how to pay, s	ee instructi	ons	5 X X 54	<b>▶</b> 2	3	3,096
You Owe	24	Estimated tax penalty (see instructions)		. •	24				1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Third Party Designee	Do	ou want to allow another person (other than y	our paid preparer) to discuss th	iis return wi	tn the IHS.	See instruct			s. Complete below.
(Other than paid preparer)		ignee's e ▶	Phone no. ►			Personal ide number (PIN	ntification	-0.00	<u>,                                    </u>
See instructions. Keep a copy for your records.  Paid Preparer	Pho Pre	buse's signature. If a joint roturn, <b>Soth</b> must signature. If a point roturn, <b>Soth</b> must signature. If a parer's name    Preparer's sonate    1's name ▶	4/15/20 Ho	s occupation		PTII	Identity P (see inst.)	Protec )	your spouse an tion PIN, enter it here Theck if: 3rd Party Designee
Use Only	-	n's address ►			riioneno	· I	Firm's El	-	
Go to www.irs.g									
aa to www.irs.g									

	Additional Income and Adjustments to Income	OMI	B No. 1545-0074
epartr	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service  Adultional income and Adjustments to income  Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.	Atta Seo	2019 achment quence No. 01
lame(s	s) shown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR	Your social s	security number
	Milton L. Brown	541-1	6-8194
	Additional Income		
1	Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes	1	
2a	Alimony received	2a	
b	Date of original divorce or separation agreement (see instructions)		
3	Business income or (loss). Attach Schedule C	3	1,205
4	Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797		
5	Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule E	5	
6	Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F	6	
7	Unemployment compensation	7	
8	Other income. List type and amount ▶	.	
9	Combine lines 1 through 8. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7a	. 8	1,205
Part		9	1,203
10	Educator expenses	10	
11	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials. Attac		
	Form 2106	"   11	
12	Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889	12	
13	Moving expenses for members of the Armed Forces. Attach Form 3903		
14	Deductible part of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	14	6.705
15	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans		0,703
16	Self-employed health insurance deduction	16	
17	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings	17	
18a	Alimony paid	18a	
b	Recipient's SSN	100	
c	Date of original divorce or separation agreement (see instructions)		
19	IRA deduction	- 19	
20	Student loan interest deduction		1,906
21	Reserved for future use		1,700
	Add lines 10 through 21. These are your <b>adjustments to income</b> . Enter here and on Form 1040 of		

Form	EDULE 2 1040 or 1040-SR)	Additional Taxes	H	OMB №. 1545-0074
	ment of the Treasury I Revenue Service	► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.		2019 Attachment Sequence No. 02
Name(	s) shown on Form 1040 or 1	040-SR		ial security number
Do	Milton L. Brown		541	1-16-8194
Par 1		n tax. Attach Form 6251	1.	
2		n tax. Attach Form 6251	2	_
3		inter here and include on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12b	3	
Part	Other Taxes		2000 10-	
4		x. Attach Schedule SE	4	13,409
5		ecurity and Medicare tax from Form: a 4137 b 8919	5	
6	5329 if required	As, other qualified retirement plans, and other tax-favored accounts. Attach Form	6	
7a		nent taxes. Attach Schedule H	7a	
b	Repayment of first-t	time homebuyer credit from Form 5405. Attach Form 5405 if required	7b	
8	Taxes from: a			
^	c Instructions; e	20 1 (a) (a) (b) (a) (b) (b) (a) (b) (b) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b	8	
9		liability installment from Form 965-A		
10		of these are your total other taxes. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SH,	10	13,409
100	EDULE 3 1040 or 1040-SR)	Additional Credits and Payments	L	OMB No. 1545-0074
orm epartn		Additional Credits and Payments  ► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.		2019
epartn ternal ame(s	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service	► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.		2019
epartn ternal ame(s	1040 or 1040-SR) nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown	► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.	Your soc	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03
epartn ternal ame(s N	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown	► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  040-SR	Your soc 541	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number
epartn ternal ame(s N	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A	► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  040-SR    Ole Credits   Cr	Your soc 541	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number
epartn ternal ame(s N	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required	7our soc 541-	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number
epartn ternal ame(s N	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits for Retirement savings	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441	Your soc 541	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number
epartmeternal ame(s	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits for Retirement savings Residential energy of	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dom Form 8863, line 19  contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  credit. Attach Form 5695	Your soc 541-	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartmeternal ame(s  Part  1  2  3  4  5  6	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits for Retirement savings Residential energy of	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880	7 541-	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartn ternal ame(s N Pari 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits for Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  DIE Contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  Attach Form 5695  Orm: a 3800 b 8801 c  6. Enter here and include on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 13b	Your soc 541-	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartneternal aame(s A Part 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Part	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits fro Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Other Credits	Your soci 541- 1 2 3 4 5 6	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartnuternal ame(s	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 1 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits fro Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  Die Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dom Form 8863, line 19  Contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  Aredit. Attach Form 5695  Dom: a 3800 b 8801 c  D6. Enter here and include on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 13b  Dents and Refundable Credits  Dayments and amount applied from 2018 return	Your soci 541- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartne ternal ame (s	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service shown on Form 1040 or 10 Milton L. Brown Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits fro Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme 2019 estimated tax Net premium tax cred	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dom Form 8863, line 19  Contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  Attach Form 5695  Dom:  a	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartne ternal ame(s N Part 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Part 1 8 9 10	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 1 Milton L. Brown  Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits fr Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme 2019 estimated tax Net premium tax cre Amount paid with re	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  Die Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8863, line 19  Contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  Arredit. Attach Form 5695  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Arredit. Attach Form 5695  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses	Your soci 541- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartn ternal ame(s N Part 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Part 8 9 110 111	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 1 Milton L. Brown  Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits from Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme 2019 estimated tax Net premium tax cre Amount paid with re Excess social securic	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  Go-SR  Die Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 1040  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 1040	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartn ternal ame(s N Part 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Part 1 8 9 110 111 112	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 1 Milton L. Brown  Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits from Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme 2019 estimated tax Net premium tax cre Amount paid with re Excess social securi Credit for federal tax Credits from Form:	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  Go-SR  Die Credits  Ittach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 8880  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  Dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441	Your soc 541-  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194
epartin ternal aame(s	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service s) shown on Form 1040 or 1 Milton L. Brown  Nonrefundat Foreign tax credit. A Credit for child and Education credits fro Retirement savings Residential energy of Other credits from F Add lines 1 through Other Payme 2019 estimated tax Net premium tax cre Amount paid with re Excess social securi Credit for federal tax Credits from Form: Add lines 8 through	Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.  Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information.  D40-SR  DIE Credits  Attach Form 1116 if required  dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441  DIE Contributions credit. Attach Form 8880  Attach Form 5695  DIE Credits  DE CREDIT ATTACH TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN	Your soc 541-  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 03 ial security number -16-8194

SCHEDULE		Itemized Deductions				OMB No. 1545-0074
(Form 1040 or 10 Department of the Ti		Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR.				20 <b>19</b>
nternal Revenue Se Name(s) shown on			inst			Sequence No. 07
name(s) snown on		Iton L. Brown				541-16-8194
Medical		Caution: Do not include expenses reimbursed or paid by others.		·	T	
and	1	Medical and dental expenses (see instructions)	1	1,500		11
Dental	2	Enter amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR,				
Expenses	_	line 8b	١.	6,177		
		Multiply line 2 by 10% (0.10)	3		4	0
Taxes You		State and local taxes.	Ė	· · · · ·	- 4	0.
Paid	8050	State and local income taxes or general sales taxes. You may include				
		either income taxes or general sales taxes on line 5a, but not both. If				
		you elect to include general sales taxes instead of income taxes,				
	-	check this box	5a		-	
		State and local real estate taxes (see instructions)	5b 5c	2,000	-	
		I Add lines 5a through 5c	5d	3,600	-	
		Enter the smaller of line 5d or \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing		,		
		separately)	5e	3,600		i e
	6	Other taxes. List type and amount ▶				
	7	Add lines Es and E	6		7	3,600
Interest Vou	-	Add lines 5e and 6	Ė	<u> </u>	-	3,000
Paid	•	mortgage loan(s) to buy, build, or improve your home, see				
Caution: Your		instructions and check this box				
mortgage interest deduction may be limited (see	a	Home mortgage interest and points reported to you on Form 1098. See				
instructions).		instructions if limited	8a	14,850	-	
	b	Home mortgage interest not reported to you on Form 1098. If paid to the person from whom you bought the home, see instructions and				
		show that person's name, identifying no., and address				
		<b>&gt;</b>	(			
			8b		_	
	C	Points not reported to you on Form 1098. See instructions for special				
		rules	8d		-	
		Add lines 8a through 8c	8e	14,850		
		Investment interest. Attach Form 4952 if required. See instructions	9			
	10	Add lines 8e and 9			10	14,850
Gifts to	11	Gifts by cash or check. If you made any gift of \$250 or more, see		0.200		
Charity	40	instructions	11	8,200	-	
Caution: If you	12	Other than by cash or check. If you made any gift of \$250 or more, see instructions. You <b>must</b> attach Form 8283 if over \$500	12	480		
made a gift and got a benefit for it,	13	Carryover from prior year	13			
see instructions.	14	Add lines 11 through 13			14	8,680
Casualty and	15	Casualty and theft loss(es) from a federally declared disaster (other	r th	an net qualifie	d	
Theft Losses		disaster losses). Attach Form 4684 and enter the amount from line 1				
Othor	16	instructions	**	* * * * *	15	*
Other Itemized	10					
Deductions					16	
Total	17	Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 4 through 16. Also, e	ente	r this amount o	-	27,130
Itemized		Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 9			17	27,130
Deductions	18	If you elect to itemize deductions even though they are less that	n y	our standard		

Lines 5b and 8a – The real estate taxes and home mortgage interest are deducted on this form plus excluded from income on Line 1, Form 1040, page 1 as a housing allowance.

Departm	nent of the freasury		w.irs.gov/ScheduleC	Proprie for inst	torship) ructions and the latest informa ; partnerships generally must		1065	2019 Attachment Sequence No. 09	
Vame o	of proprietor Milton L. Brown					Soc		urity number (SSN) 1-16-8194	
Α	Principal business or profession  Minister	on, includ	ng product or service (s	ee instr	uctions)	В	B Enter code from instructions  ▶   8   1   3   0   0   0		
0	Business name. If no separate	busines	name, leave blank.			D		er ID number (EIN) (see instr.)	
E	Business address (including s	uite or ro	om no.) ►				1		
	City, town or post office, state		code	V20101040504					
	Accounting method: (1) [				Other (specify)				
Э					2019? If "No," see instructions				
4					n(s) 1099? (see instructions) .				
ı					n(s) 1099? (see instructions) .				
Part	Income	oquii ot					•		
1	WWW.nes wilder - Medical Ages of the more - was and	nstruction	s for line 1 and check th	ne box i	f this income was reported to yo	u on			
					d		1	1,650	
2	Returns and allowances				6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		2	1.001.03.03.03.03	
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1 .					[	3		
4	Cost of goods sold (from line					[	4		
5	Gross profit. Subtract line 4	111 ° 1115 -	3			[	5		
6	Other income, including feder	al and st	te gasoline or fuel tax c	redit or	refund (see instructions)		6	7	
7						. ▶	7	1,650	
	<b>Expenses.</b> Enter expenses.		r business use of yo			-			
8	Advertising	8		18	Office expense (see instructio		18		
9	Car and truck expenses (see	ايا	445	19	Pension and profit-sharing plan		19		
10	instructions)	9	440	20	Rent or lease (see instructions	300	00		
10	Commissions and fees .	10		a	Vehicles, machinery, and equip	_	0a		
11	Contract labor (see instructions)	11		21 b	Other business property .	22 20	0b		
13	Depletion	12		21 22	Repairs and maintenance .  Supplies (not included in Part		22		
- + 11 <del>15</del> 111	expense deduction (not			23	Taxes and licenses	:: : -	23		
	included in Part III) (see instructions)	13		24	Travel and meals:			10	
14	Employee benefit programs			- a	Travel		4a		
	(other than on line 19).	14		b	Deductible meals (see	, i		17	
15	Insurance (other than health)	15		_ ~	instructions)	2	4b		
16	Interest (see instructions):			25	Utilities		25		
а	Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.)	16a		26	Wages (less employment cred	dits).	26		
b	Other	16b		27a	Other expenses (from line 48)	1000 100	7a	-	
17	Legal and professional services	17	20 2000 100°	b	77.7 77 77 27.7		7b	14 November 200	
28					8 through 27a	8 -	28	445	
29						-	29	1,205	
30	Expenses for business use of unless using the simplified me Simplified method filers only	ethod (se	instructions).		enses elsewhere. Attach Form a ur home:	8829			
	and (b) the part of your home	used for	ousiness:	11/08	. Use the Simplifi	ed			
	Method Worksheet in the inst	ructions t	o figure the amount to e	nter on	line 30		30		
31	Net profit or (loss). Subtract	line 30 f	om line 29.						
	<ul> <li>If a profit, enter on both S</li> <li>13) and on Schedule SE, line trusts, enter on Form 1041, li</li> </ul>	e 2. (If yo ne 3.			(1905년) 전 1805년 (1905년) 전 1905년 (1905년 1905년	} L	31	1.205	
	If a loss, you must go to lin		. 1928 - 20 - 8841	10 mm		1			
32	If you have a loss, check the I					1			
Ro Comp	<ul> <li>If you checked 32a, enter Form 1040-NR, line 13) and 31 instructions). Estates and to</li> <li>If you checked 32b, you me</li> </ul>	on Schee usts, ent ust attacl	ule SE, line 2. (If you can be seen and seed and seen and seen and seen and seed and	necked may be	the box on line 1, see the line	3	2b 🗆	All investment is at risk. Some investment is not at risk.	
or Pa	aperwork Reduction Act Notic	e, see th	e separate instruction:	<b>S.</b>	Cat. No. 11334P	Sched	ule C (l	Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019	
	<b>Gross receipts:</b> Honoraria (wedo Speaking honora		.) \$650 1,000	1	Expenses: See Attachment 1 on pag	 ge 57			

ı aı t	lle C (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019 Page 2  Cost of Goods Sold (see instructions)
33	Method(s) used to
34	value closing inventory:  a Cost b Lower of cost or market c Other (attach explanation)  Was there any change in determining quantities, costs, or valuations between opening and closing inventory?
	if "Yes," attach explanation
35	Inventory at beginning of year. If different from last year's closing inventory, attach explanation 35
36	Purchases less cost of items withdrawn for personal use
37	Cost of labor. Do not include any amounts paid to yourself
38	Materials and supplies
39	Other costs
40	Add lines 35 through 39
41	Inventory at end of year
42	Cost of goods sold. Subtract line 41 from line 40. Enter the result here and on line 4
Part	Information on Your Vehicle. Complete this part only if you are claiming car or truck expenses on line 9 and are not required to file Form 4562 for this business. See the instructions for line 13 to find out if you must file Form 4562.
43	When did you place your vehicle in service for business purposes? (month, day, year) ▶ 01 / 01 / 09
44	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle for:
а	Business 9,412 b Commuting (see instructions) 1,216 c Other 950 (Sch. C Related)
45	Was your vehicle available for personal use during off-duty hours?
46	Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?
47a	
	Do you have evidence to support your deduction?
ь	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
ь Part	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
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	If "Yes," is the evidence written?
	If "Yes," is the evidence written?

Schedul	e SE (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019	Attachment Sequence No.	17	Page 2
	person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR)	Social security number of pers	_	r ago <b>2</b>
	Milton L. Brown	with self-employment income		541-16-8194
Secti	on B-Long Schedule SE			
Part	Self-Employment Tax			
	f your only income subject to self-employment tax is <b>church employee income</b> , on of church employee income.	see instructions. Also see ins	tructi	ons for the
Α	If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science prac \$400 or more of <b>other</b> net earnings from self-employment, check here and c	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF		
1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnerships, S	chedule K-1 (Form 1065),		
12	box 14, code A. Note: Skip lines 1a and 1b if you use the farm optional metr	A STATE OF THE STA	1a	
ь	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the amour Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule K-1 (Fo		1b	( )
2	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; and Schedule K-1 (Form 106 than farming). Ministers and members of religious orders, see instruction report on this line. See instructions for other income to report. <b>Note:</b> Ski nonfarm optional method (see instructions)	is for types of income to ip this line if you use the	2	94,899
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2	V 100 CO	3	94,899
4a	If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by 92.35% (0.9235). Otherwise, ent		4a	87,639
	Note: If line 4a is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program payments	10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		
b	If you elect one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of lines 15 ar	33. July 1933 (18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 19. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	4b	<del></del>
С	Combine lines 4a and 4b. If less than \$400, stop; you don't owe self-empl less than \$400 and you had church employee income, enter -0- and contin	2,000	4c	87,639
5a	Enter your <b>church employee income</b> from Form W-2. See instructions definition of church employee income	WVM SOMM	Jan 198	
b	Multiply line 5a by 92.35% (0.9235). If less than \$100, enter -0	이번 100 1000 100 100 100 100 100 40 40 100 1	5b	
6	Add lines 4c and 5b		6	87,639
7	Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings subjet he 6.2% portion of the 7.65% railroad retirement (tier 1) tax for 2019	[19.80] [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10 [2.10] 12.10	7	132,900
8a	Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) W and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation. If \$132,900 or more, skip lin 8b through 10, and go to line 11	nes		
b	Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 10) .	. 8b		
C	Wages subject to social security tax (from Form 8919, line 10)			ļ
d	Add lines 8a, 8b, and 8c		8d	400.000
9	Subtract line 8d from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 10 and	7	9	132,900
10	Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by 12.4% (0.124)	THE TO THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE	10	10,867
11	Multiply line 6 by 2.9% (0.029)	마양성을 ^^ - ^ ^ 다음 없는 것이 되었습니다	11	2,542
12	Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Schedule 2 line 4, or Form 1040-NR, line 55		12	13,409
13	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.		12	13,402
	Multiply line 12 by 50% (0.50). Enter the result here and on <b>Schedule 1 (Fo</b>	rm		
	1040 or 1040-SR), line 14, or Form 1040-NR, line 27	(705		
Part	Optional Methods To Figure Net Earnings (see instructions)			
Farm	Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your gross farm in	ncome¹ wasn't more than		
\$8,160	, or (b) your net farm profits² were less than \$5,891.			
14	Maximum income for optional methods		14	5,440
15	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of: two-thirds (2/s) of gross farm income¹ (not less than zer this amount on line 4b above	44.50 CONTRACTOR STORE TO STORE STOR	15	
Nonfa	m Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your net nonfarm profi			
and als	to less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income, and (b) you had net earning ast \$400 in 2 of the prior 3 years. Caution: You may use this method no more the	gs from self-employment		
16	Subtract line 15 from line 14		16	
17	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of: two-thirds (2/s) of gross nonfarm income <sup>4</sup> (not less that line 16. Also include this amount on line 4b above	an zero) or the amount on	17	
	Sch. F, line 34, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A-minus the tyou would have entered on line 1b had you not used the optional	ne 31; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), ne 7; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), bo		

Line 2 – See Attachment 2 on page 57.

Line 13 – This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister must use Section B–Long Schedule if he or she received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C-related) is more than \$132,900. The Long Schedule is shown here for illustrative purposes.

-om 8880

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

#### **Credit for Qualified Retirement Savings Contributions**

► Attach to Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR.

► Go to www.irs.gov/Form8880 for the latest information.

OMB No. 1545-0074

2019

Attachment
Sequence No. 54

Name(s) shown on return

Milton L. Brown

Your social security number 541-16-8194

A

You cannot take this credit if either of the following applies.

- The amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b; or Form 1040-NR, line 35, is more than \$32,000 (\$48,000 if head of household; \$64,000 if married filing jointly).
- The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 2002; (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2019 tax return; or (c) was a student (see instructions).

							(a) You	u	(b) Your spouse
			일일 경기 시간 시간 시간 시간 경기 가장 되었다. 그 사는 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 없었다.	LE account contribulions	CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE	1			
				mployer plan, volunt					
co	entributions,	and 501(c)(18)(D	)) plan contributions	for 2019 (see instruc	ctions)	2	500		
	dd lines 1 an					3	500		
				before the due d					
				ns). If married filing j					
bo	oth spouses'	amounts in bot	th columns. See ins	tructions for an exce	eption	4	0		
			ero or less, enter -0-			5	500	37	
in In	each column	n, enter the <b>sm</b> a	aller of line 5 or \$2,0	00		6	500		
				take this credit .		9 000 0	2 6 5	7	500
			경기 하게 되면 되었다. 그렇게 하는 아이를 하게 하지 않는데 하다 하다.	e 8b;* or Form 1040					
35					8		61,769		
9 En	nter the appli	cable decimal a	mount from the tabl	e below.					
	If line	8 is-	Į.	and your filing statu	ıs is—				
	If line		Married	Head of	Single, Marr	ied filin	g		
	If line	8 is —  But not over—	Married filing jointly	Head of household	Single, Marr separate	ly, or			
E		But not	Married filing jointly <b>Enter o</b> n	Head of household	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w	ly, or vidow(e			
F		But not over— \$19,250	Married filing jointly <b>Enter o</b> r 0.5	Head of household line 9—	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w	ly, or vidow(e			
F	Over—	But not over—	Married filing jointly Enter or 0.5 0.5	Head of household line 9—  0.5 0.5	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w	ly, or vidow(e			
F	Over—	But not over— \$19,250	Married filing jointly Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household line 9—  0.5 0.5 0.5	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w	ly, or vidow(e		9	×0.1
	Over—  \$19,250	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750	Married filing jointly Enter or 0.5 0.5	Head of household line 9—  0.5 0.5	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2	ly, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875	Married filing jointly Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household line 9—  0.5 0.5 0.5	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1	ely, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125	Married filing jointly Enter or 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household line 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.5	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1	ely, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000	Married filing jointly  Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household  line 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.1	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1	ly, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500	Married filing jointly  Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household  line 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.2  0.1  0.1	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	ely, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500	Married filing jointly  Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Head of household  Ine 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.2  0.1  0.1  0.1	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0	ely, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000	Married filing jointly  Enter on 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.1	Head of household  Inne 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.2  0.1  0.1  0.1  0.1	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0	ily, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$64,000	Married filing jointly  Enter or 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.1	Head of household  I line 9—  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.2  0.1  0.1  0.1  0.1  0.0	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	ily, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
D Mu	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$64,000  Note: If	Married filing jointly  Enter or 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.0 line 9 is zero, stop;	Head of household  I line 9—  0.5 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	ily, or vidow(e		9	x 0 . 1
	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$64,000	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$64,000  Note: If by line 9	Married filing jointly  Enter or 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.0 line 9 is zero, stop;	Head of household  I line 9—  0.5 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 //ou can't take this co	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 redit.	ely, or vidow(e	r)		
1 Lir	Over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$ultiply line 7 mitation base	But not over— \$19,250 \$20,750 \$28,875 \$31,125 \$32,000 \$38,500 \$41,500 \$48,000 \$64,000  Note: If by line 9 ed on tax liability	Married filing jointly  Enter or 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.0 line 9 is zero, stop; y	Head of household  I line 9—  0.5 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0  you can't take this contained the second to the	Single, Marr separate Qualifying w  0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 redit.	ely, or vidow(e	r)	10	50

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

Cat. No. 33394D

Form **8880** (2019)

<sup>\*</sup> See Pub. 590-A for the amount to enter if you claim any exclusion or deduction for foreign earned income, foreign housing, or income from Puerto Rico or for bona fide residents of American Samoa.

Form **8995** 

#### Qualified Business Income Deduction Simplified Computation

OMB No. XXXX-XXXX

1070101010		Simplified Computation	1				2019
	ment of the Treasury	► Attach to your tax return.	latest im	fa uma a ti			ttachment equence No. 55
	s) shown on return	► Go to www.irs.gov/Form8995 for instructions and the	iatest in	tormati	11.57.51		tification number
	Milton L. E	Brown	4/4		2.5	541-16	
1		(a) Trade, business, or aggregation name			axpayer tion number		Qualified business ncome or (loss)
i	Minister			541-16	5-8194	3	1,205
ii							
iii							
iv			72				
v			$\perp$				
2		business income or (loss). Combine lines 1i through 1v			,120 <sup>(1)</sup>		
3	Qualified busine	ess net (loss) carryforward from the prior year	3	(	0		
4		ousiness income. Combine lines 2 and 3. If zero or less, enter -0-	4		,120		224
5		less income component. Multiply line 4 by 20% (0.20)		i · ·		5	224
6	(see instruction	dividends and publicly traded partnership (PTP) income or (loss is)	6				
7	year	dividends and qualified PTP (loss) carryforward from the prior	7	(		)	
8		REIT dividends and PTP income. Combine lines 6 and 7. If zero					
9		component. Multiply line 8 by 20% (0.20)			8 20 S	9	0
10		less income deduction before the income limitation. Add lines 5				10	224
11	Taxable incom	e before qualified business income deduction	11	34	,639		
12		n (see instructions)		-	0		
13		2 from line 11. If zero or less, enter -0	-		,639		c 020
14		on. Multiply line 13 by 20% (0.20)				14	6,928
15		less income deduction. Enter the lesser of line 10 or line 14. Al line of your return				15	224
16		business (loss) carryforward. Combine lines 2 and 3. If greater t				16	0
17		REIT dividends and PTP (loss) carryforward. Combine lines		15		<del></del>	
	- ACC			_		17 (	0
or Pi	rivacy Act and Pa	perwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.	Cat. No	. 378060	;		Form <b>8995</b> (201
) S	Schedule C ne	et profit (page 52)			\$1	,205	
		curity tax deduction associated with the net profi	t·				
		•					
		x.9235 = \$1,112					
		x 15.3% = 170				c -	
	2	x 50% = 85				85	-
	Oualifie	d business income			\$1	,120	

Attachment 1. Computation of expenses, allocatable to tax-free ministerial income, that are nondeductible.

		<u>Taxable</u>	<u>Tax-Free</u>	<u>Total</u>
Salary as a minister		\$ 67,850		\$ 67,850
Housing allowance:				
Amount designated and paid by church	\$ 26,000			
Actual expenses	25,625			
Fair rental value of home (including				
furnishings and utilities)	25,000			
Taxable portion of allowance				
(excess of amount designated & paid over				
lesser of actual expenses or fair rental value)	\$ 1,000	1,000		1,000
Tax-free portion of allowance (lesser of amount				
designated, actual expenses, or fair rental value)			25,000	25,000
Gross income from weddings, baptisms, and honoraria		1,650		1,650
Ministerial Income		\$ 70,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 95,500
% of nondeductible expenses: \$25,000/\$95,500 = 26%				

The IRS takes the position that the deduction of unreimbursed business expenses on Schedule C is limited to the extent that they are allocable to an excluded housing allowance or the fair rental value of church-provided housing.

Schedule C Deduction Computation	
Parking and tolls	\$ 50
Mileage (950 miles x 58 cents per mile)	551_
Unadjusted Schedule C expenses	601
Minus:	
Nondeductible part of Schedule C expenses (26% x \$601)	<u> 156</u>
Schedule C deductions (Line 28) (See page 52)	<u>\$ 445</u>

# Attachment 2. Net earnings from self-employment (attachment to Schedule SE, Form 1040)

Church wages	\$ 67,850
Housing allowance	26,000
Net profit from Schedule C	1,205
	95,055
Less:	
Schedule C expenses allocable to tax-free income	<u>(156</u> )
Net Self-Employed Income	
Schedule SE, Section B, Line 2 (See page 54)	<u>\$ 94,899</u>

## Housing Allowance Worksheet

#### **Minister-Owned Home**

Name: Milton L. Brown		-
For the period January 1, 20_19 to Decem	nber 31 <sub>, 20</sub> 19	9
Date designation approved	0_18_	
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current incompanies)	me)	
	Estimated Expenses	<u>Actual</u>
Down payment on purchase of housing	\$	\$
Housing loan principal and interest payments	18,117_	17,875
Real estate commission, escrow fees		
Real property taxes	900	2,000
Personal property taxes on contents		
Homeowner's insurance	500	550
Personal property insurance on contents	150_	200
Umbrella liability insurance	100	
Structural maintenance and repair		550
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control		200
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)		400
Decoration and redecoration	2.500	2.500
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	3,500	3,500
Local telephone expense (base charge)	150	150
Homeowner's association dues/condominium fees	219_	200
Subtotal	23,636	
10% allowance for unexpected expenses	2,364	
TOTAL	\$26,000	\$(A)
Properly designated housing allowance		\$ <u>26,000</u> (B)
Fair rental value of home, including furnishings, plus utilities		\$ <u>25,000</u> (C)
<b>Note:</b> The amount excludable from income for federal income tax p	ourposes is the <i>lowes</i>	et of A, B, or C.

The \$1,000 difference between the designation (\$26,000) and the fair rental value (\$25,000) is reported as additional income on Form 1040, page 1, Line 1.

4805 Dou Springfie	17 dress, and ZIP code Springs Churc Iglas Road	·h	-	1 Wages	s, tips, other compensation	2 Federal incom	
Magnolia 4805 Dou Springfie	ress, and ZIP code Springs Churc Iglas Road	:h			of alpai carior compensation		ne tax withheld
Magnolia 4805 Dou Springfie	Springs Churc Iglas Road	:h		3 Socia	67850.00 I security wages	12000. 4 Social securit	
4805 Dou Springfie	ıglas Road	h		0 00010	a security wages	4 Goolai securit	y tax withhold
Springfie Control number				5 Media	care wages and tips	6 Medicare tax	withheld
Control number	ia, On 45504	Springfield, OH 45504					
				1 Socia	l security tips	8 Allocated tips	
	d Control number					10 Dependent ca	are benefits
Employee's first name	and initial Las	st name	Suff.	11 Nonq	ualified plans	12a See instruction	ons for box 12
Milton L.		Brown	40 Statuto	ry Retirement Third-party	§ E   50	00	
418 Trent	on Street			13 Statutor employ	ee plan sick pay	12b	
	ld, OH 45504			14 Other		12c	
				Housi	ng Allowance	00 de	
				26000		12d	
Employee's address a	nd ZIP code					ě	
27.5 28	ate ID number	16 State wages, tips, etc.	I		8 Local wages, tips, etc.	19 Local income tax	20 Locality name
OH   67780	)3 	67850.00	1600.00				
ř							
Exp	olanation of co	ompensation report	ed on For	m W-2	, Box 1:		
-	Salary (\$64,85	50 less \$26,000 hou	using allow			+ /	
		403[b] contributio	ns)			\$ 48,350	
,	Special occasion	on gifts				750	
	Reimbursemer	nt of self-employme	ent tax			12,000	
-	Moving expen	se reimbursement (	of nonqua	lified ex	rpenses	<u>6,750</u>	
						\$ 67,850	
						<del>φ 0/,000</del>	

# Sample Return No. 2 – Retired Minister

#### Minister was an employee for income tax purposes and has since retired.

The Halls live in church-provided housing.

#### Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Denominational annuity distribution	\$19,500
Honoraria for performing weddings,	
funerals, baptisms, and outside	
speaking engagements	3,200
Interest income (taxable)	750
Social security benefit	31,500
Expenses related to honoraria income:	
Travel – 2,297 x 58¢ per mile	1,332
Meals	96
Housing data:	
Designation	\$19,500
Actual expenses	20,500
Fair rental value, plus furnishings,	
including utilities	25,000

one box.	Single  Married filing jointly  Married filing separately (MFS)  Head of household (HOH)  Qualifying widow(er) (QW) If you checked the MFS box, enter the name of spouse. If you checked the HOH or QW box, enter the child's name if the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent. ▶									
Your first name Dona	Last na	ame lall					7.00000000	ial security number		
If joint return, spouse's first name and middle initial Julie M.			ame lall					Spouse's social security number 720   92   1327		
Home address	(number and street). If you have a P.O. box, so ost office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a fo			o complete s	spaces below (see instr	uctions	Apt. no.	President Check here jointly, want	tial Election Campaign if you, or your spouse if filing \$3 to go to this fund. box below will not change your	
Foreign country			Foreign	province/sta	ite/county	Fore	ign postal code	If more th	You Spouse nan four dependents,	
Pensacola, FL 32502  Standard Someone can claim: You as a dependent Deduction				r spouse as a	a dependent			see instru	uctions and ✓ here ▶ □	
	You: Were born before January 2, 195		e a dual-s		: Was born befo	ore Jan	uary 2, 1955	☐ Is blin	d	
	(see instructions):		Social sec	curity number	(3) Relationship to y		<b>(4)</b> ✓ if		(see instructions): Credit for other dependents	
		+	+					-		
	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach For     Tax-exempt interest			<u> </u>	h Tayahla interset			. 1	750	
Single or Married filing separately, \$12,200 Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), \$24,400 Head of household, \$18,350 If you checked any box under Standard Deduction, see instructions.	c Pensions and annuities	9  Id 7a. This  Id 1, line 2  your adjus  eductions  n. Attach Form  from line 8t	Child tax credit  Child tax cr					4d 5b 6 7a 7b 8a 8b 11a 11b	1 2b 750 3b 4b 4d 0 5b 0 6 7a 3,001 7b 3,751 8a 126 8b 3,625	

13  14  15  16  17  18  19 ou have a qualifying child, attach Sch. ElC. If you have a nontaxable combat pay, see instructions.  19  Refund 20 21  22  Amount 23  You Owe  Third Party Designee  Other than alid preparer)	b Add Schedule 2, line 3, and Child tax credit or credit for Add Schedule 3, line 7, and Subtract line 13b from line 1 Other taxes, including self-e Add lines 14 and 15. This is Federal income tax withheld Other payments and refunds Earned income credit (EIC) b Additional child tax credit. A American opportunity credit Schedule 3, line 14 Add lines 18a through 18d. Add lines 19 is more than line 16 Amount of line 20 you want. Routing number Account number Amount of line 20 you want.	line 12a and enter the other dependents . line 13a and enter the 2b. If zero or less, entemployment tax, from Syour total tax . from Forms W-2 and able credits:	total	and refundable or	erpaid		12b 13b 14 15 16 17	0 0 0 252 252
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21 Direct deposit? lee instructions.  22 Amount 23 You Owe 24 Third Party Designee Other than laid preparer	a Amount of line 20 you want b Routing number d Account number Amount of line 20 you want Amount you owe. Subtract Estimated tax penalty (see in	refunded to you. If Fo	orm 8888 is attac	hed, check here	_ , , , , , , _		1 20 1	
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Third Party Designee Other than paid preparer)		nstructions)			1 1	•	23	252
Designee Other than paid preparer)	50 you want to allow another per	reon (other than warr			uith the IRS2 See	instructions		• Complete to the
Other than paid preparer)		than your p	and brobater) to	GIOGOS INSTELUTI	with the inor see	motrustions.	□ Ye	s. Complete below.
	Designee's		Phone			onal identifica	ation _	
	name   Under penalties of perjury, I declare to	hat I have a aminad this	no. ►	anning ashadular and		ber (PIN)	enauladas s	and boliof, thou are true
See instructions. Keep a copy for rour records.	Spouse's signature. If a joint republic Mo. H	urn, <b>both</b> must sign.	Date 4/15/20 Email address	Spouse's occups Retired	ation	Ident		your spouse an ion PIN, enter it here
Paid	Preparer's name	Preparer's signat	ture		Date	PTIN	20	heck if:  3rd Party Designee
Preparer – Use Only –	Firm's name ▶				Phone no.			Self-employed
ose only	Firm's address ▶	A			1.71	Firm	s EIN ▶	Form 1040 (2019)

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Schedule 2 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019

#### SCHEDULE 1 OMB No. 1545-0074 Additional Income and Adjustments to Income (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) ► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Department of the Treasury Attachment Sequence No. 01 ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information. Name(s) shown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR Your social security number Donald L. Hall 482 11 6043 Part I Additional Income Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes . . . 1 2a Date of original divorce or separation agreement (see instructions) 3,001 3 Business income or (loss). Attach Schedule C . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797 . . . . . . . . . . 4 Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule E . . . 5 Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F 6 7 7 Other income. List type and amount ▶ 8 Combine lines 1 through 8. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7a . 9 3,001 Adjustments to Income 10 Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials. Attach 11 12 Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889 . . . . . . . . 12 Moving expenses for members of the Armed Forces. Attach Form 3903 . . . . . . 13 13 14 Deductible part of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE . . . . . . . . 14 126 Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans . . . . . . . . . . . 15 15 Self-employed health insurance deduction . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16 16 Penalty on early withdrawal of savings . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 17 17 b Date of original divorce or separation agreement (see instructions) 19 19 20 Student loan interest deduction . . . . . 20 21 21 Add lines 10 through 21. These are your adjustments to income. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 126 1040-SR, line 8a For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions. Schedule 1 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019 Cat. No. 71479F SCHEDULE 2 OMB No. 1545-0074 Additional Taxes (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019 ► Attach to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Department of the Treasury Attachment Sequence No. 02 ► Go to www.irs.gov/Form1040 for instructions and the latest information. Internal Revenue Service Name(s) shown on Form 1040 or 1040-SR Your social security number Donald L. Hall 482-11-6043 Alternative minimum tax. Attach Form 6251 2 Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 . . . . Add lines 1 and 2. Enter here and include on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12b 3 4 Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE . . . . . . . 4 252 5 Unreported social security and Medicare tax from Form: a 4137 b 8919 . . . . . 5 Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, and other tax-favored accounts. Attach Form 6 7a Repayment of first-time homebuyer credit from Form 5405. Attach Form 5405 if required 7b 8 Taxes from: a Form 8959 **b** Form 8960 c Instructions; enter code(s) 8

Schedule 1, Line 14 – See page 34 for explanation of the self-employment tax deduction.

Add lines 4 through 8. These are your total other taxes. Enter here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR,

Cat. No. 71478U

Section 965 net tax liability installment from Form 965-A . . . . . . . .

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

line 15

	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service (99) Attach to				uctions and the latest informa ; partnerships generally must		2019 Attachment Sequence No. 09
Name o	of proprietor Donald L. Hall						urity number (SSN) 482-11-6043
A	Principal business or profession Minister	on, including	g product or service	(see instru	uctions)	B Enter co	de from instructions
С	Business name. If no separate	business n	ame, leave blank.				r ID number (EIN) (see instr.)
E	Business address (including s	uite or roon	no.) ►				
20	City, town or post office, state		ode				
-	Accounting method: (1)		(2) Accrual	(3)	Other (specify)		es ∏Yes ∏No
G H					2019? If "No," see instructions		
6					n(s) 1099? (see instructions) .		
J	If "Yes." did you or will you file	required F	orms 1099?				Yes No
Par	Income						
1	Gross receipts or sales. See in	structions	for line 1 and check	the box if	this income was reported to yo	ı on	
	Form W-2 and the "Statutory	employee"	box on that form was	checked	1		3,200
2	Returns and allowances	2 5 22	* * * * * * *			2	
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1 .	3 × 30				3	3,200
4		197 <sup>*</sup> - 1.41 - 1966					
5							3,200
6					refund (see instructions)		2 200
7 Dora	Gross income. Add lines 5 a					. > 7	3,200
8	Advertising	8	business use or y	18	Office expense (see instruction	ns) 18	
9	and the second s	-		19	Pension and profit-sharing plans		
9	Car and truck expenses (see instructions)	9	187	20	Rent or lease (see instructions		
10	Commissions and fees .	10	107	T a	Vehicles, machinery, and equipr	*** WE TOUGHT !	
11	Contract labor (see instructions)	11		b	Other business property .		
12	Depletion	12		21	Repairs and maintenance .		
13	Depreciation and section 179			22	Supplies (not included in Part I	l) . 22	
	expense deduction (not included in Part III) (see			23	Taxes and licenses	23	
	instructions)	13		24	Travel and meals:		
14	Employee benefit programs	Carrier		а	Travel	24a	
	(other than on line 19)	14		_ ь	Deductible meals (see		
15	Insurance (other than health)	15			instructions)		12
16	Interest (see instructions):	40		25	Utilities		9
a	Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.)	16a		26	Wages (less employment cred Other expenses (from line 48)		
17	Other	17		- 2/a			
28			iness use of home. A		8 through 27a		199
29	Tentative profit or (loss). Subtr					. 29	3,001
30				ese expe	nses elsewhere. Attach Form 8		
	unless using the simplified me						
	Simplified method filers only	: enter the	total square footage	of: (a) you	ur home:		
	and (b) the part of your home	used for bu	siness:		. Use the Simplific	ed	
	Method Worksheet in the instr	ructions to t	igure the amount to	enter on I	ine 30	30	
31	Net profit or (loss). Subtract	line 30 from	n line 29.				
	<ul> <li>If a profit, enter on both Se</li> </ul>		하시 경영하다 하나 요요한 사람이 없어 가장 하나 하나 하나 다른다.				2 224
	13) and on Schedule SE, line		checked the box on	line 1, se	ee instructions). Estates and	31	3,001
	<ul> <li>trusts, enter on Form 1041, lie</li> <li>If a loss, you must go to lin</li> </ul>						
32	7.5		cribes vour investme	ant in this	activity (see instructions)		
32	If you have a loss, check the b						
	<ul> <li>If you checked 32a, enter</li> <li>Form 1040-NR, line 13) and</li> </ul>				[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	32a 🗌	All investment is at risk.
	31 instructions). Estates and tr				no son on mio i, see the mie	32b 🗌	
	If you checked 32b, you mu				imited.		at risk.
For Pa	aperwork Reduction Act Notic				Cat. No. 11334P	Schedule C (F	orm 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019

Part	Cost of Goods Sold (see instructions)		
33	Method(s) used to value closing inventory: a	ach evolunation)	
34	Was there any change in determining quantities, costs, or valuations between opening and closing inventor		
	If "Yes," attach explanation		☐ No
35	Inventory at beginning of year. If different from last year's closing inventory, attach explanation	35	
33	inventory at beginning or year. If different from last year's closing inventory, attach explanation	35	
36	Purchases less cost of items withdrawn for personal use	36	
37	Cost of labor. Do not include any amounts paid to yourself	37	
•	cool of labor, both of morado any amounts paid to journous		
38	Materials and supplies	38	
39	Other costs	39	
		200	
40	Add lines 35 through 39	40	
41	Inventory at end of year	41	
	Out developed Out to the Albert State Of State Out State	59	
42 Part	Cost of goods sold. Subtract line 41 from line 40. Enter the result here and on line 4	truck expenses	on line 0
ai t	Information on Your Vehicle. Complete this part only if you are claiming car or and are not required to file Form 4562 for this business. See the instructions for I		
	file Form 4562.		outs. • Lottile Leonard Sec
42	When did you place your vahials in caving for business purposes? (month day year) > 01 / 01	/ 09	
43	When did you place your vehicle in service for business purposes? (month, day, year) ▶ 01 / 01	/ 09	
	When did you place your vehicle in service for business purposes? (month, day, year) ▶ 01 / 01  Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle.		
	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle during 2019.	vehicle for:	C Palated
		vehicle for:	. C Related
44 a	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle during 2019.	vehicle for: Other 2,297 (Sch	. C Related
44 a 45	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?	vehicle for: Other 2,297 (Sch	□ No
44 a 45	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles with the structure of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?	vehicle for:  Other2,297 (Sch	
44 a 45 46	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?	vehicle for:  Other2,297 (Sch	□ No
44 a 45 46 47a	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?  Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?	vehicle for:  Other 2,297 (Sch  Yes  Yes  Yes	□ No □ No □ No
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44 a 45 46 47a b	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?  Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?  Do you have evidence to support your deduction?	vehicle for:  Other 2,297 (Sch	□ No □ No □ No
44 a 45 46 47a b	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?  Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?  Do you have evidence to support your deduction?	vehicle for:  Other 2,297 (Sch	□ No □ No □ No
43 44 a 45 46 47a b Part	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2019, enter the number of miles you used your vehicles available for personal use during off-duty hours?  Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?  Do you have evidence to support your deduction?	vehicle for:  Other 2,297 (Sch  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes	□ No □ No □ No
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#### SCHEDULE SE (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99 Name of person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR) Donald L. Hall Before you begin: To determine if you must file Schedule SE, see the instructions.

#### **Self-Employment Tax**

► Go to www.irs.gov/ScheduleSE for instructions and the latest information. ► Attach to Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR.

> Social security number of person with self-employment income ▶

482-11-6043

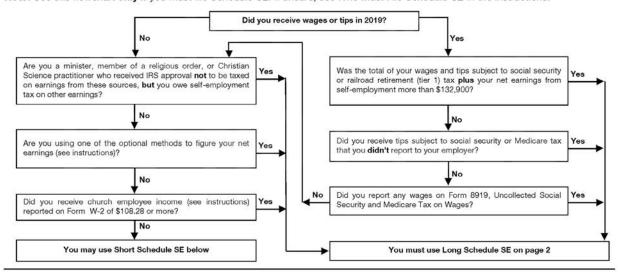
OMB No. 1545-0074

2019

Attachment Sequence No. 17

#### May I Use Short Schedule SE or Must I Use Long Schedule SE?

Note: Use this flowchart only if you must file Schedule SE. If unsure, see Who Must File Schedule SE in the instructions.



Section A-Short Schedule SE. Caution: Read above to see if you can use Short Schedule SE.

1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065),		
	box 14, code A	1a	
b	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the amount of Conservation Reserve Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 20, code AH	1b (	
2	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming). Ministers and members of religious orders, see instructions for types of income to report on this line. See instructions for other income to report	2	1,780
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2	3	1,780
4	Multiply line 3 by 92.35% (0.9235). If less than \$400, you don't owe self-employment tax; <b>don't</b> file this schedule unless you have an amount on line 1b	4	1,644
	Note: If line 4 is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program payments on line 1b, see instructions.		
5	Self-employment tax. If the amount on line 4 is:		
	• \$132,900 or less, multiply line 4 by 15.3% (0.153). Enter the result here and on <b>Schedule 2 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR), line 4,</b> or <b>Form 1040-NR, line 55.</b>		
	<ul> <li>More than \$132,900, multiply line 4 by 2.9% (0.029). Then, add \$16,479.60 to the result.</li> </ul>		
	Enter the total here and on Schedule 2 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR), line 4, or Form 1040-NR, line 55 .	5	252
6	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.		
	Multiply line 5 by 50% (0.50). Enter the result here and on <b>Schedule 1 (Form</b> 1040 or 1040-SR), line 14, or Form 1040-NR, line 27		

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

Cat. No. 11358Z

Schedule SE (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) 2019

- Line 2 See the schedule on page 67 for the calculation of this amount.
- Line 4 This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister may use Section A-Short Schedule unless he received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C-related) is more than \$132,900.

Attachment 1. Computation of expenses, allocatable to tax-free ministerial income, that are nondeductible

		<u>Taxable</u>	<u>Tax-Free</u>	<u>Total</u>
% of nondeductible expenses				
Parsonage allowance:				
Ministerial retirement benefits designated as housing allowance	\$ 19,500			
Actual expenses	20,500			
Fair rental value of home (including furnishings and utilities)	25,000			
Taxable portion of allowance	0			
Tax-free portion of allowance (lesser of amount designated, actual expenses, or fair rental value)			19,500	19,500
Gross income from occasional guest preaching engagements		3,200		3,200
Ministerial Income		\$ 3,200	<u>\$ 19,500</u>	\$ 22,700
% of nondeductible expenses: \$19,500/\$22,700 = 860	%			

Schedule C Deduction Computation			
	<u>Total</u>	Deductible 14%	Nondeductible <u>86%</u>
Mileage (2,297 miles x 58 cents per mile)	\$ 1,332	\$ 187	\$ 1,145
Meal expenses (\$175 less 50% reduction)	88	12	<u>76</u>
Schedule C expenses		<u>199</u>	<u>1,221</u>

# Attachment 2. Computation for Schedule SE (Form 1040)

Less:	
Unadjusted Schedule C expenses	(1,420)
Net Self-Employed Income – Schedule SE, Line 2 (See page 66)	\$ 1,780

## **Housing Allowance Worksheet**

#### Minister Living in Housing Owned or Rented by the Church

Name: Donald L. Hall		
For the period, 20_19_ to December 31, 2	0_19	
Date designation approved December 20, 20_18		
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current income)		
		<u>Actual</u>
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	\$ _	6,500
Local telephone expense (base charge)	-	
Decoration and redecoration	_	3,000
Structural maintenance and repair	_	7,600
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control	_	
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)	-	3,000
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents	_	100
Personal property taxes on contents	-	200
Umbrella liability insurance	-	100
TOTAL	\$ _	20,500
Properly designated housing allowance	\$ _	19,500
Fair rental value of home, including furnishings, plus utilities	\$	25,000

The amount excludable from income for federal income tax purposes is the lowest of A, B, or C.

PAYER'S name, street address country, ZIP or foreign postal of XYZ Retiremen 2055 Castle St Indianapolis, I	\$ 19500 2a Taxable amount			2019 Pr		Distributions From lensions, Annuities, Retirement or rofit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.			
			2b	Taxable amou	-		Total distributio	n 🔲	Copy A For
PAYER'S TIN 79-0179214	482-11-60		3	Capital gain (in in box 2a)	cluded	4	Federal income withheld	tax	Internal Revenue Service Center
			\$			\$			File with Form 1096.
RECIPIENT'S name  Daniel L. Hall	5 \$	Employee contr Designated Rot contributions of insurance prem	th r	6 \$	Net unrealized appreciation in employer's sec	urities	For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the		
Street address (including apt. no.) 804 Linden Avenue			7	Distribution code(s)	IRA/ SEP/ SIMPLE	8 \$	Other	%	2019 General Instructions for Certain Information
City or town, state or province, or Pensacola, FL		eign postal code	9a	Your percentage distribution	of total	(6)0	Total employee con	tributions	Returns.
10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years	11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib.	FATCA filing requirement	12 \$	State tax withhe	əld	13	State/Payer's st	ate no.	14 State distribution \$
Account number (see instruction	s)	Date of payment	15 \$	Local tax withhou	eld	16	Name of localit	у	17 Local distribution
orm <b>1099-R</b> Cat. No. 144360			\$						\$

### Projected 2020 Filing Dates

#### January

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (last payment for prior tax period)

#### **February**

17 W-4 (if claimed an exemption, to continue same exemption in current year)

#### **April**

- 15 Personal tax returns due (unless automatic extension, see October 15)
- 15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes, if not paid with return (first payment for current tax year)

#### June

17 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (2nd payment for current tax year)

#### September

16 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (3rd payment for current tax year)

#### October

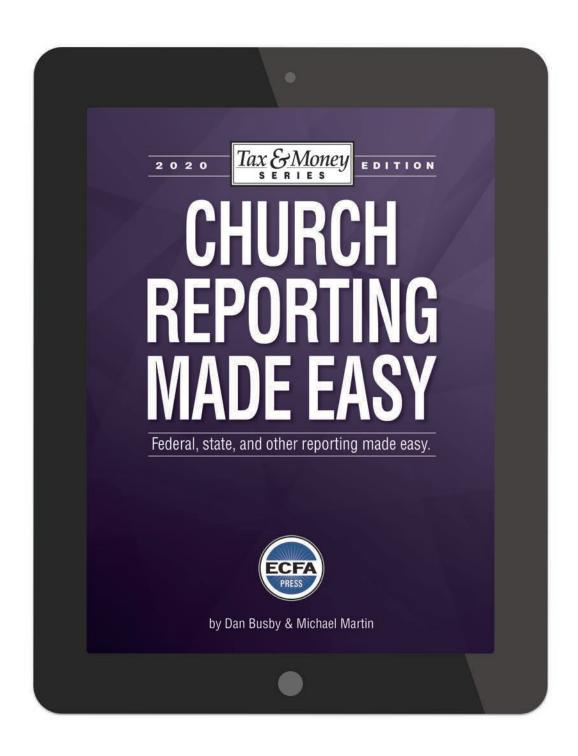
Personal tax returns due (if automatic extension)

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Matt Chandler, Lead Pastor, The Village Church, Flower Mound, TX

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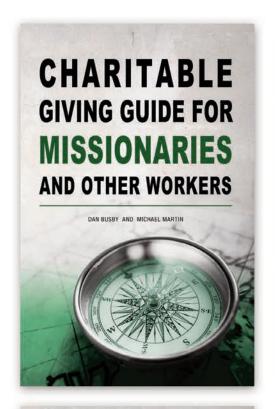
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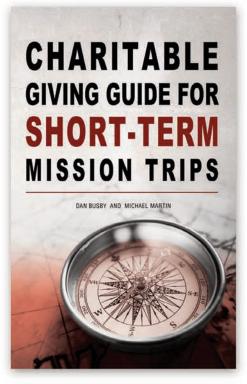
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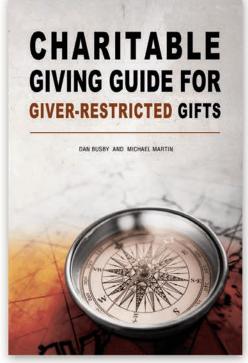
Call Michael at 800-323-9473

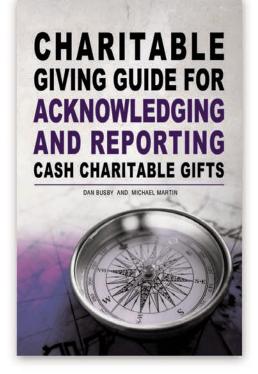
Michael Martin
Executive Vice President



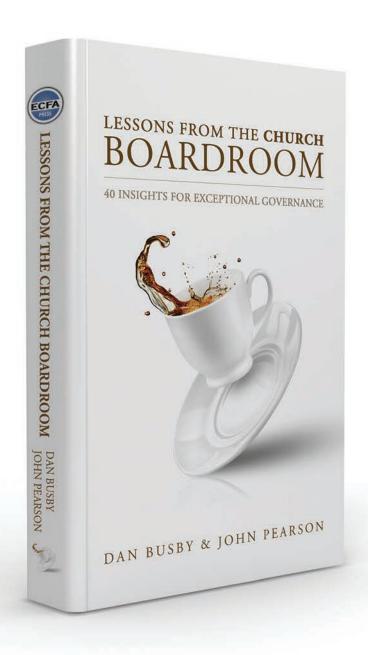




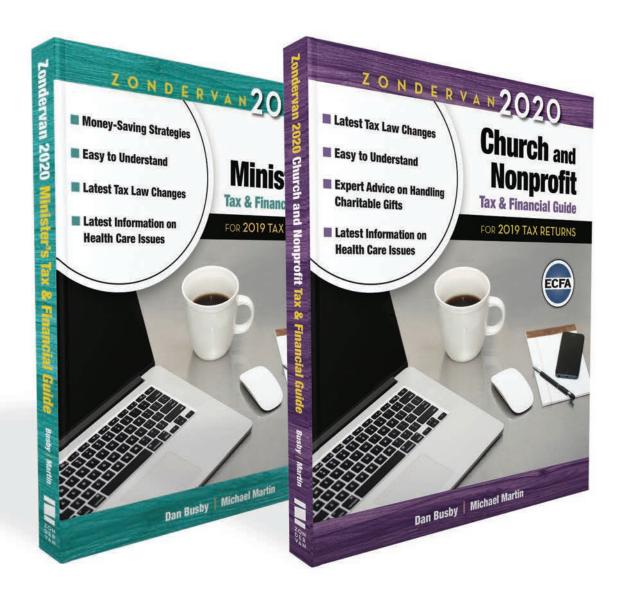








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